City Council Study Session



NE 85th Station Area Plan

City of Kirkland

November 15, 2022

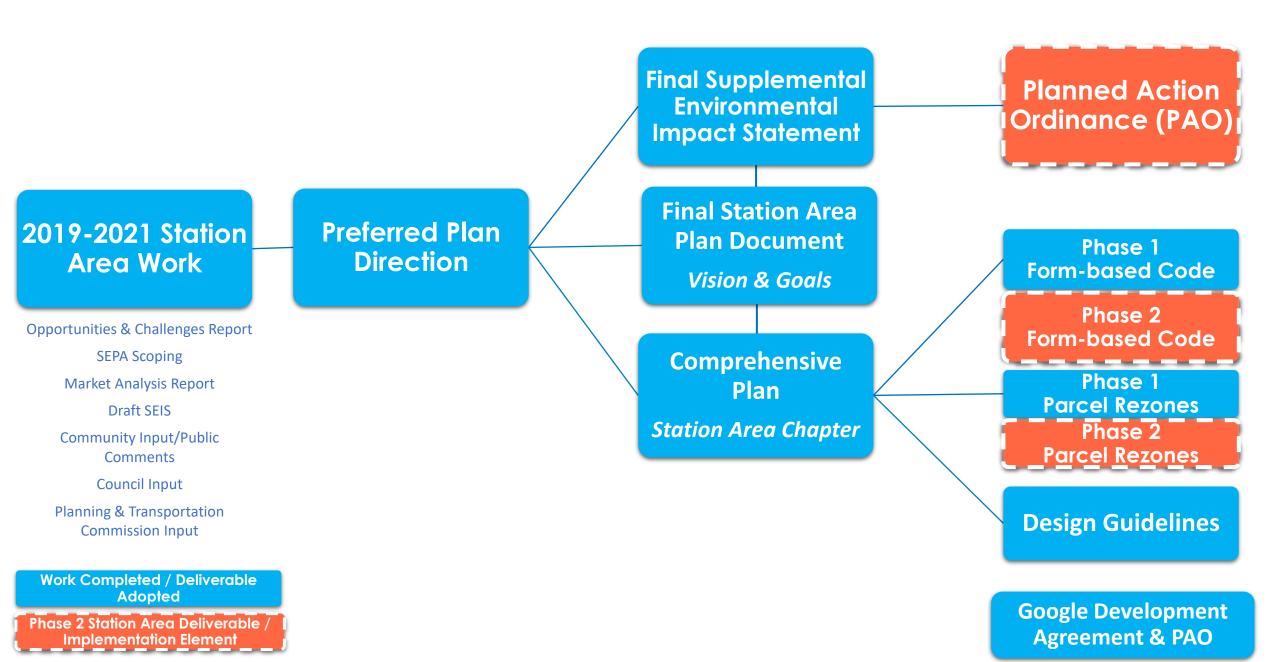


Tonight's Agenda

- Phase 2 Form-based Code Update
 - Regulating District Updates
 - District-wide Standards
 - Parking & Mobility
- 120th Ave NE ("Main St") Corridor Study
- Next Steps
- Council Questions



Station Area Deliverables Workflow



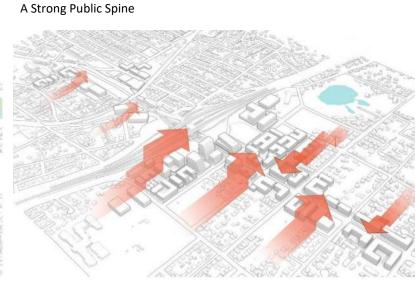




Vision and Urban Design Framework

The Community Vision is supported by cohesive urban design strategies used throughout character areas.





A network of Mobility Options

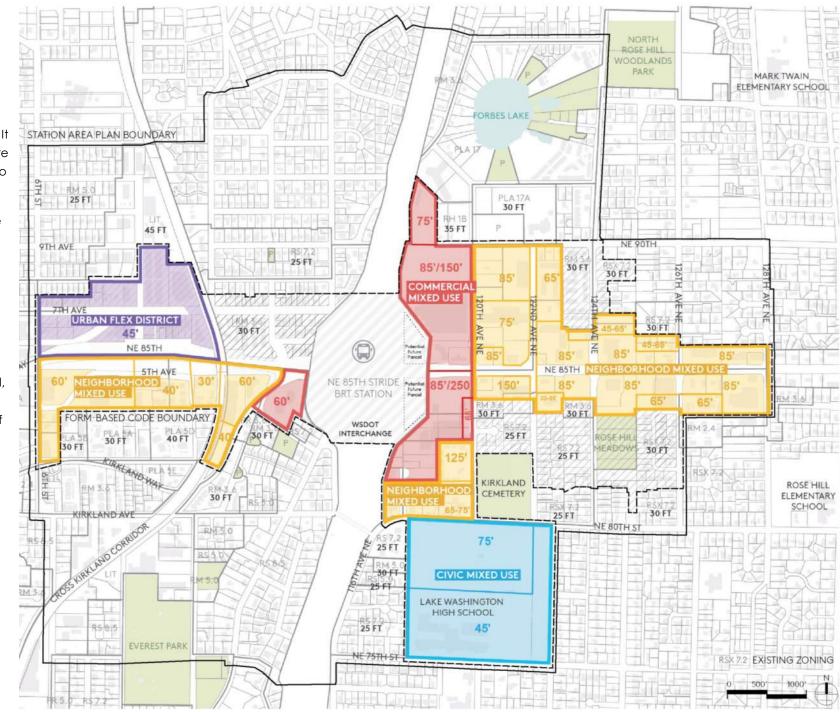
Leverage Existing Natural Systems and Resources

Transitions in Scale to Adjacent Neighborhoods

Regulating PlanPhase 2 Districts

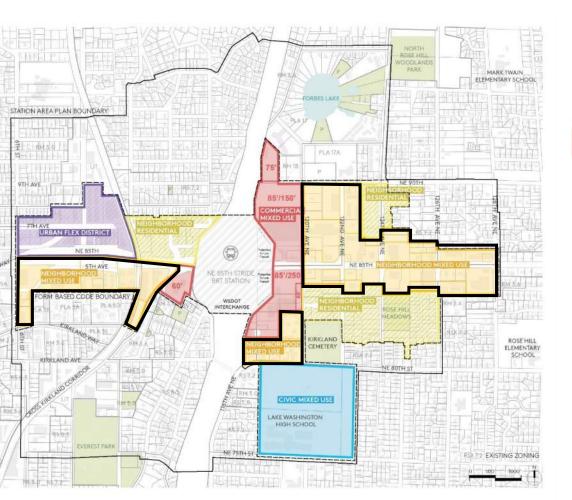
- Commercial Mixed Use (CMU): This zone is intended to encourage uses consistent with large scale commercial and office development. It allows for commercial and civic/institutional uses. Maximum heights are established in the Regulating Plan and range from 60 ft west of I-405 to 250 ft east of I-405. (Adopted in Phase 1)
- Neighborhood Mixed Use (NMU): This zone is intended to encourage uses consistent with a mixed-use neighborhood that includes commercial development and a range of residential development types. It allows for commercial, civic/institutional, residential uses.

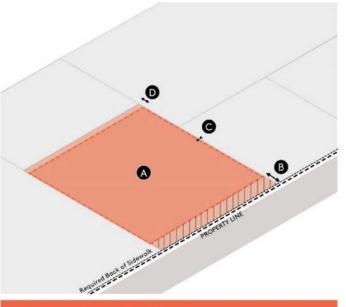
 Maximum heights are established in the Regulating Plan and range from 60 ft west of I-405 to 150 ft east of I-405.
- **Urban Flex (UF)**: This zone is intended to encourage uses consistent with a mixed-use neighborhood that supports light industrial uses consistent with an urban, walkable character. It allows for commercial, retail, civic/institutional, and residential uses. Maximum heights are established in the Regulating Plan and allow heights up to 45 ft west of I-405.
- Civic Mixed Use (CVU): This zone is intended to encourage uses consistent with a mixed-use environment anchored by civic/institutional uses. It allows for commercial and civic/institutional uses. Maximum heights are established in the Regulating Plan and allow heights up to 75 ft east of I-405.

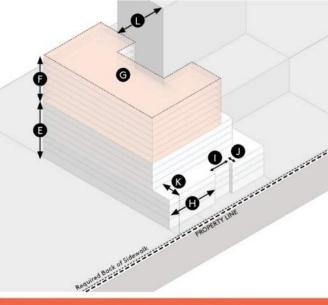


Neighborhood Mixed Use District

This zone is intended to encourage uses consistent with a mixed-use neighborhood that includes commercial development and a range of residential development types. It allows for commercial, civic/institutional, residential uses. Maximum heights are established in the Regulating Plan and range from 60 ft west of I-405 to 150 ft east of I-405.







LOT COVERAGE AND SETBACKS

MASSING AND DEVELOPMENT INTENSITY

- Upper level setbacks that reduce perceived scale
- Smaller floor area for upper floors to prevent bulky buildings
- Bonus height potential to achieve community benefits
- Maximum façade width to create human-scaled pedestrian experience

Urban Flex District

This zone is intended to encourage uses consistent with a mixed-use neighborhood that supports **light industrial uses consistent with an urban, walkable character**. It allows for commercial, retail, civic/institutional, and residential uses. Maximum heights are established in the Regulating Plan and allow heights up to 45 ft west of I-405.

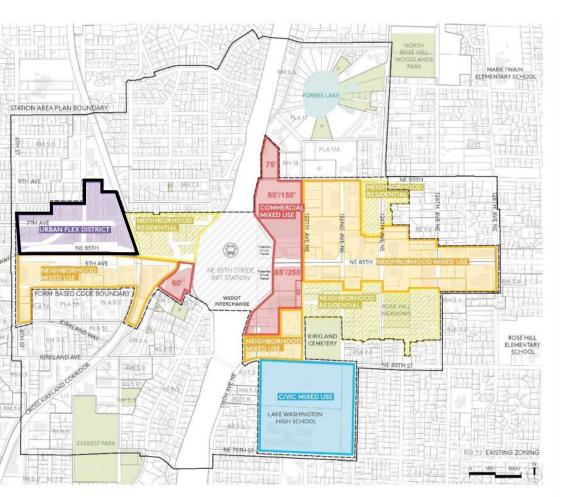
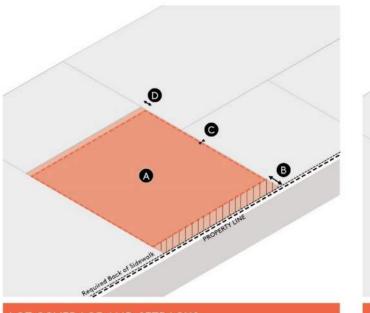
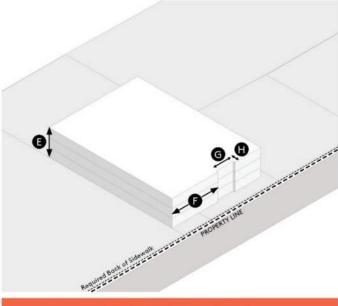


FIGURE 5: URBAN FLEX DISTRICT





LOT COVERAGE AND SETBACKS

MASSING AND DEVELOPMENT INTENSITY

- Limited max height to fit neighborhood context
- Large floor area to support continued industrial use
- Residential only allowed on upper floors to support continued industrial character
- Cross Kirkland Corridor standards will apply (referenced in FBC)

This zone is intended to encourage uses consistent with a mixed-use environment anchored by civic/institutional uses. It allows for commercial and civic/institutional uses. Maximum heights are established in the Regulating Plan and allow heights up to 75 ft east of I-405.

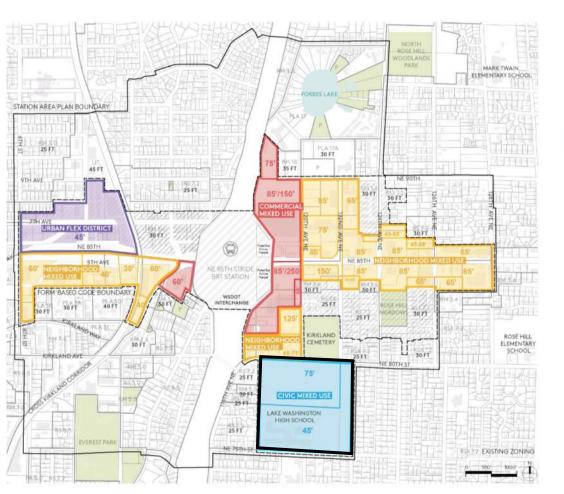
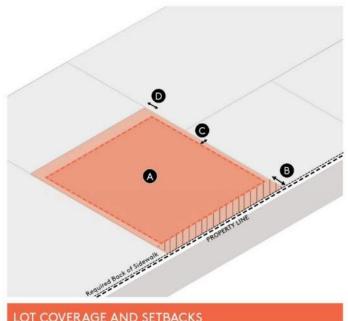
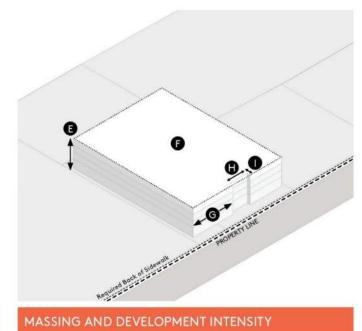


FIGURE 6: CIVIC MIXED USE



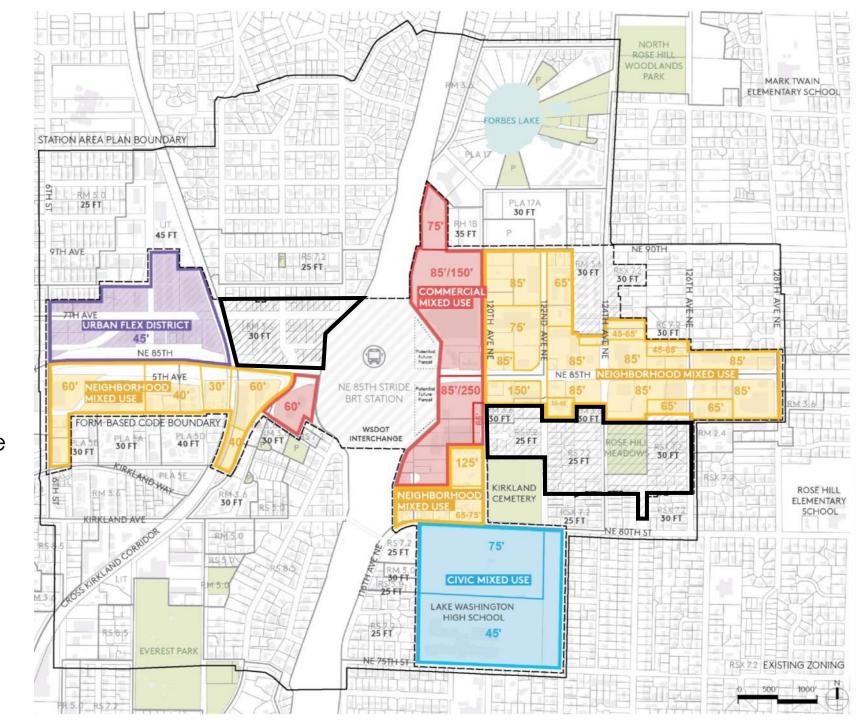


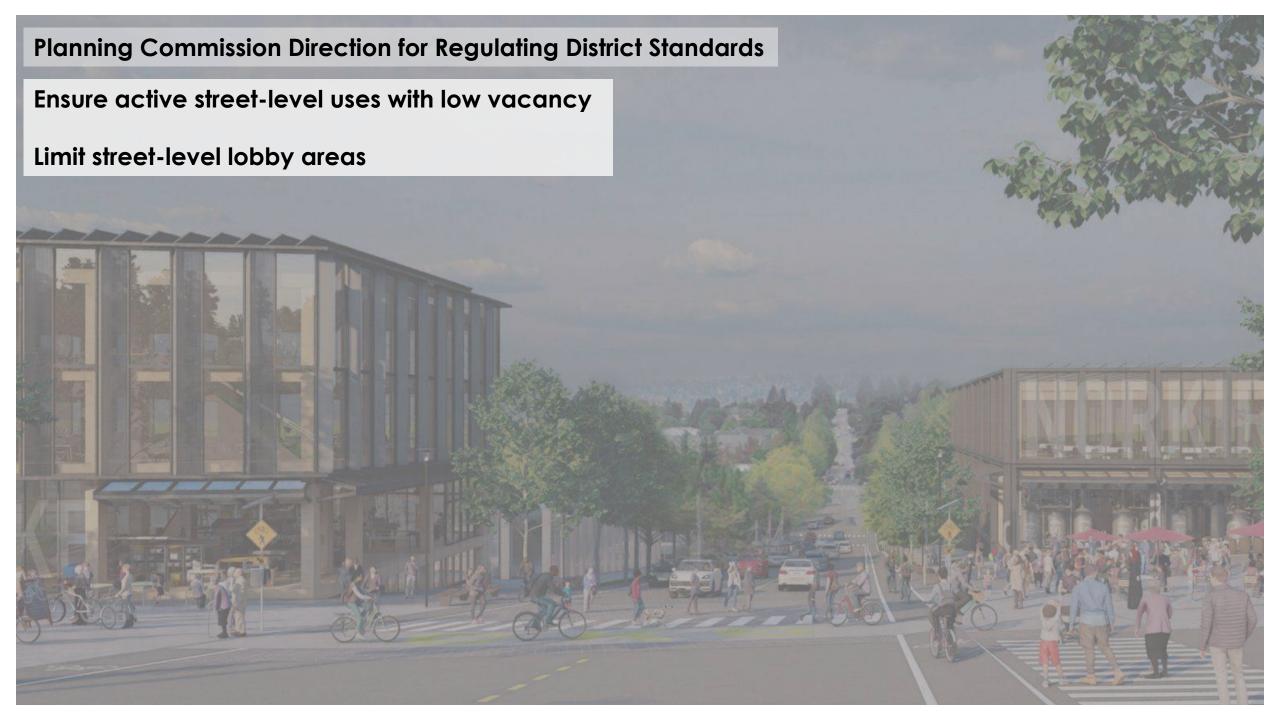
OT COVERAGE AND SETBACKS

- **Limited max height** to fit neighborhood context
- Large floor area to support educational/civic use
- Upper story setbacks to create human-scaled neighborhood development
- Staff has reviewed draft standards with LWSD
- LWSD has sent letter supporting draft code to Planning Commission

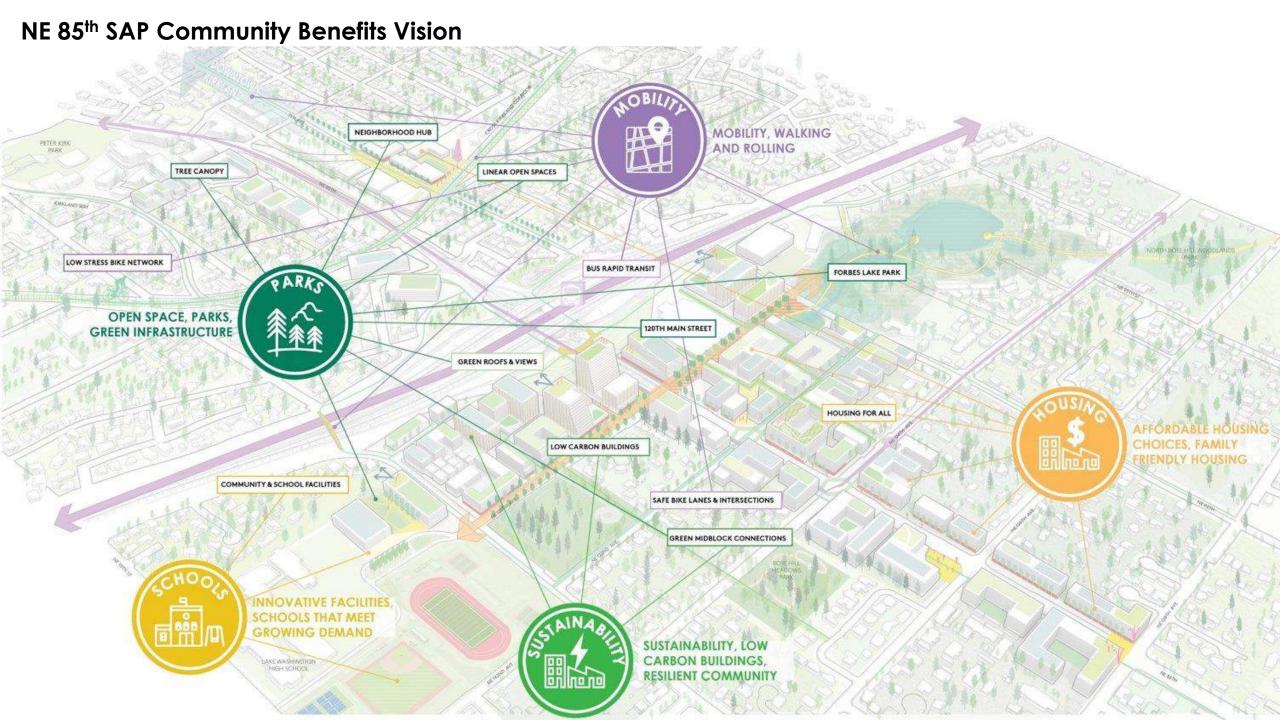
Neighborhood Residential

- Station Area Plan does not include increase to density in this district
- Infill will continue per existing standards for low-density and missing middle housing types
- A future Form-based Code could encourage more missing middle housing - that strategy best considered on larger scale
- Phase 2 FBC will not include specific standards for Neighborhood Residential district









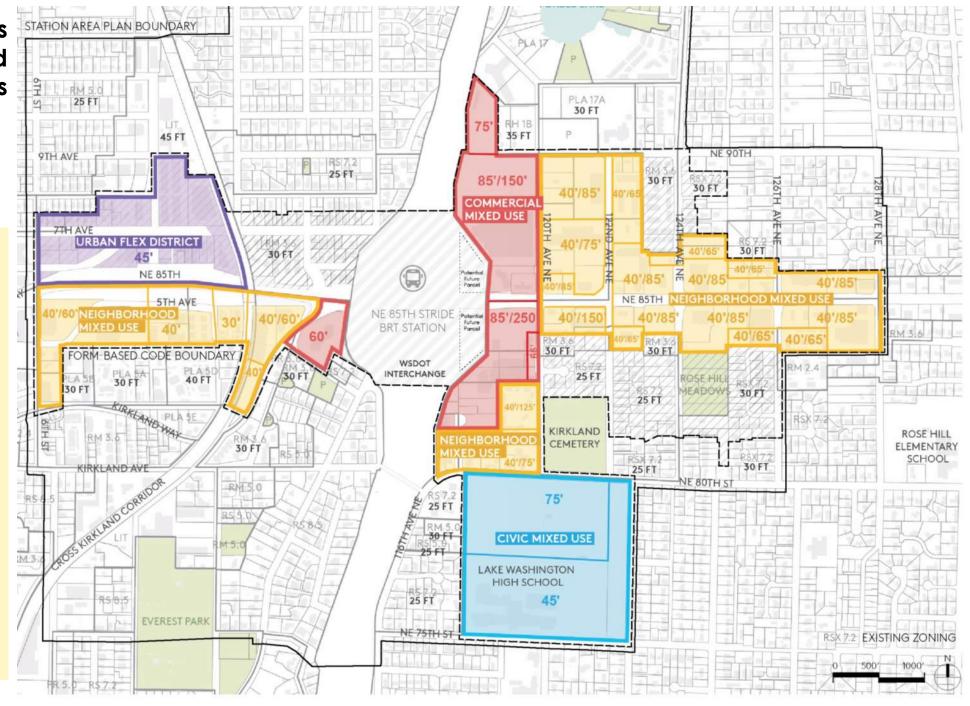
Base and Bonus Maximum Allowed Heights

Affordable Housing in Phase 2

-increased capacity with rezones will allow more housing units overall

-at least 10% of new units will be affordable

-additional affordable housing units and/or amenities will be required above base height



Incentive Amenities Adopted in Phase 1

AFFORDABLE HOUSING			
Commercial development: Affordable housing contribution (fee-in-lieu)	Fee revenue for affordable housing		
MOBILITY / TRANSPORTATION			
Enhanced Mid-block Green Connections	Square feet of enhanced mid-block green connections		
PARKS / OPEN SPACE			
Public Open Space (outdoor)	Square feet of improved public outdoor park-like space		
Public Community Space (indoor)	Square feet of improved public indoor community space		
SUSTAINABILITY			
Enhanced Performance Buildings	New buildings that exceed Kirkland High Performance Building Code		
Ecology and Habitat	SF of land, enhanced ecolocy/habit		
Innovation Investments	New and innovative sustainability infrastructure in the Station Area		
SCHOOLS, EDUCATION, AND CHILDCARE			
ECE/Day Care Operation Space	Long-term dedication of building space for non-profit childcare use		
School Operation Space	Long-term dedication of building space for education use		
OTHER APPLICANT PROPOSED AMENITIES			
Flexible Amenity Options	TBD		

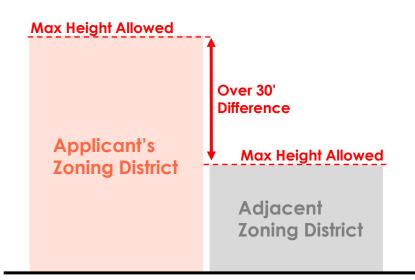
Potential Incentive Amenities for Phase 2 Districts

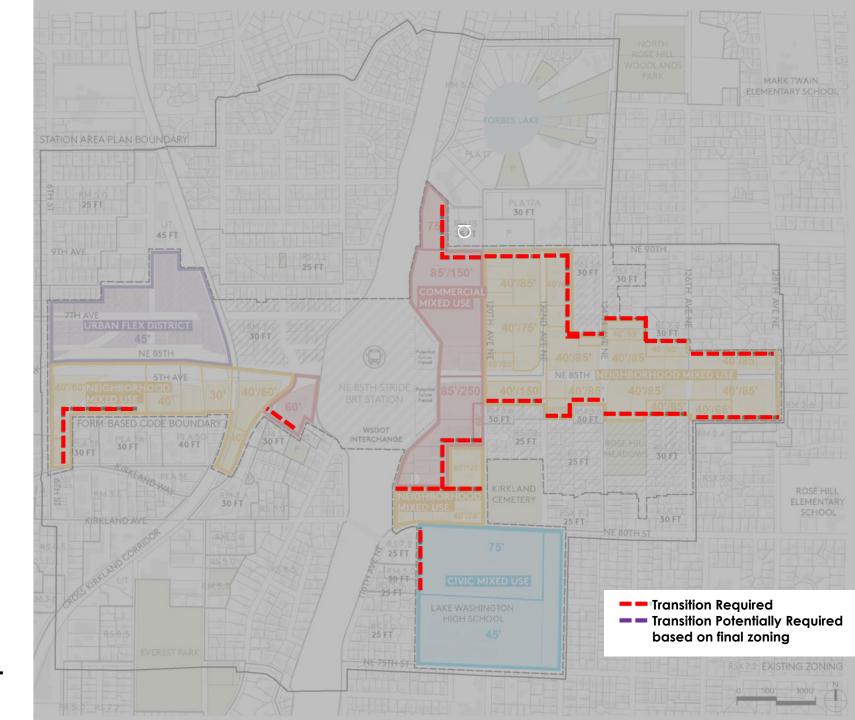
List of Eligible Amenities	Amenity Provided
AFFORDABLE HOUSING	
On-site performance: quantity of units	SF or units
On-site performance: unit size	# of 3+ Bd units
On-site performance: level of affordability	SF or units
Commercial development contribution	Voluntary fee per SF of incentive bonus space



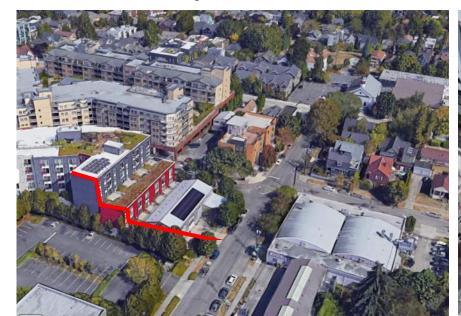
Transitions

Transitions are required where the difference between the maximum allowed height of a zoning district is at least 30 ft greater than the maximum allowed height of an adjacent zoning district.





Transitions Examples









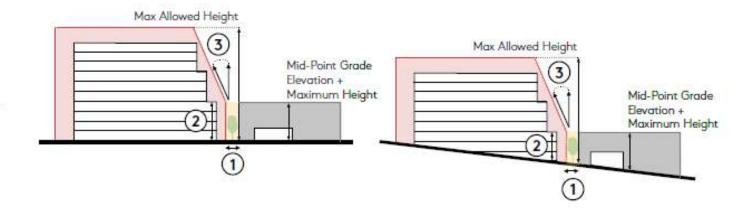
Site Studies of Potential Transition Strategies



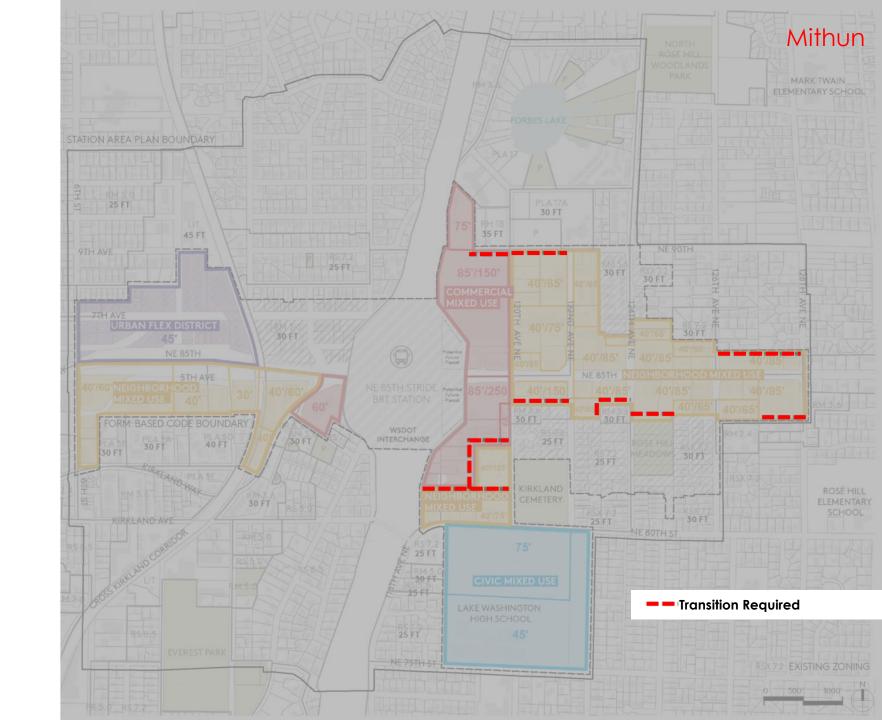


Transition Rules

- 1 Create a vertical plane 15' away from and parallel to the common lot line.
- 2 Establish a maximum height of the vertical plane that is equal to the midpoint grade elevation plus the maximum allowed height for the zone of the adjoining property.
- 3 From the top of this vertical plane, extend a sky exposure plane at an angle of 25 degrees to the maximum allowed height of the subject property zone.

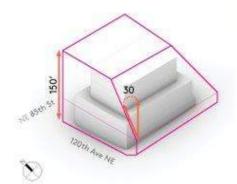


Updated Standard (Transition Type B): 30 degree angle where zoned maximum height is over 50' greater than the adjacent parcel's maximum zoned height.



Updated Standard (Transition Type B): 30 degree angle where zoned maximum height is over 50' greater

Code-Compliant Building Massing with 30 degree Transition Angle

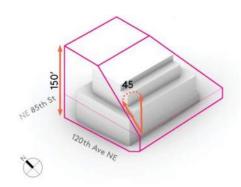




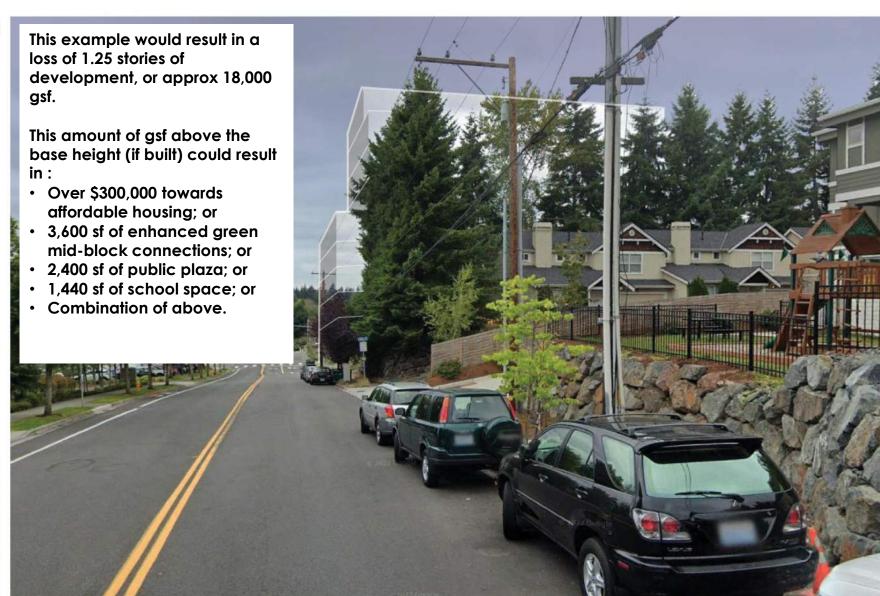


Alt. Standard (Transition Type C): 45 degree angle where zoned maximum height is over 50' greater

Code-Compliant Building Massing with 45 degree Transition Angle







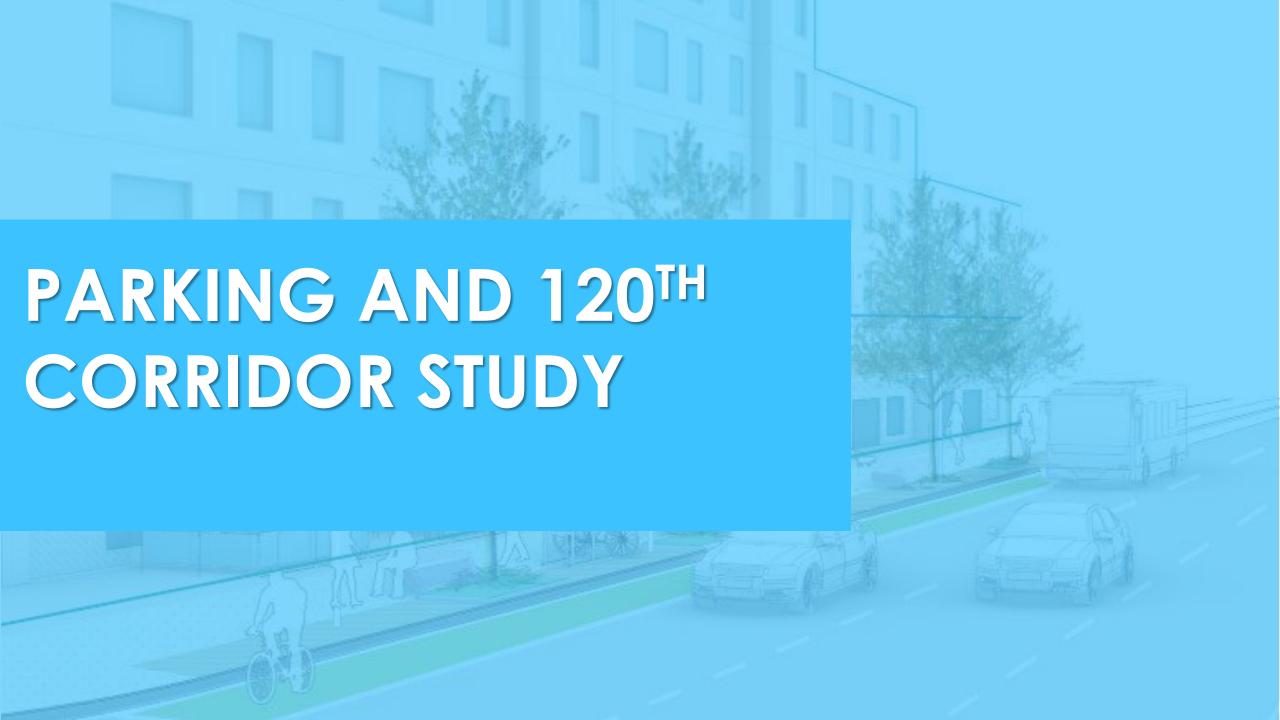
Planning Commission Direction for Districtwide Standards

Incentive Zoning

 Staff should continue work to develop performance-based options for affordable housing benefits

Transitions

- No Transition required when maximum allowed height difference is less than 30'
- Transition Type A (25° sky exposure plane) is appropriate when maximum allowed height difference is between 30' and 50'
- Commission wants to see options for a Transition standard with a sky exposure plane between 30° and 45° when maximum allowed height is greater than 50'

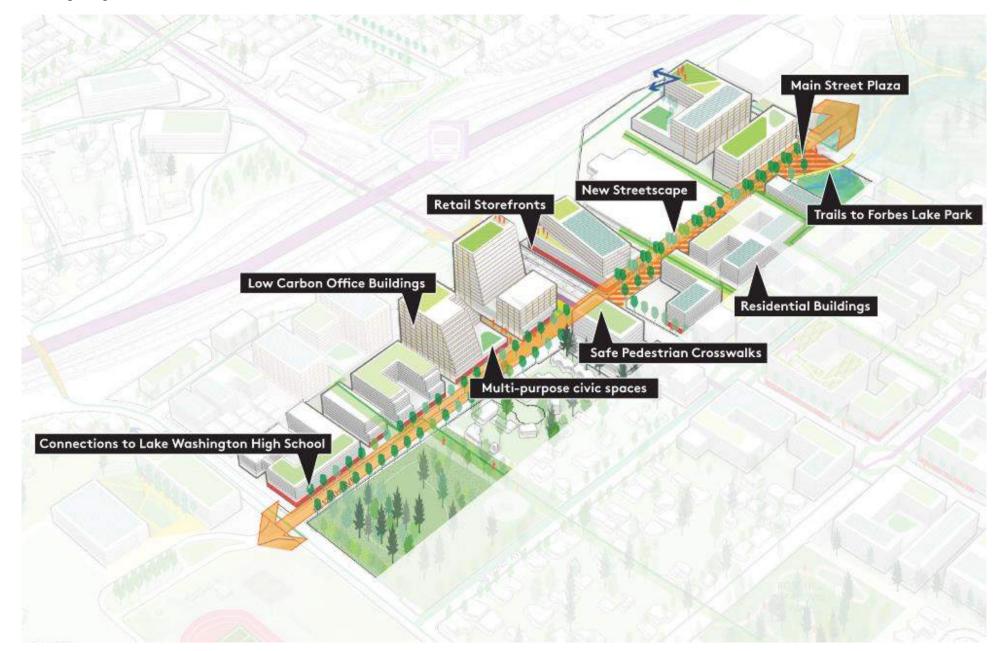


Parking Ratios & Policies

- Parking ratios are recommended by the City's Transportation Planners and Engineers
- Abolishing parking minimums is not recommended, but could aid walkability and affordability goals
- Based on significant background research:
 - Contemporary parking demand
 - Parking ratios in neighboring cities
 - o Kirkland-specific data
- Adopted/draft code includes:
 - Provision for reducing parking further (through modification process)
 - Further reduction for senior housing near transit
 - Required bike parking
 - Shared parking agreements allowed through existing KZC

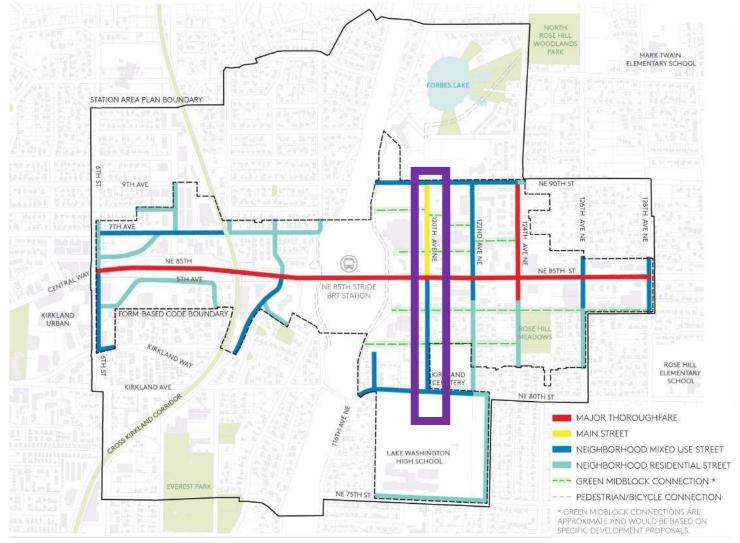
Land Use	Minimum Required Parking
Residential: Detached Dwelling Unit	2 / unit
Residential: Attached/Stacked Dwelling Units	0.75 / studio unit 1 / one-bedroom unit 1.25 / two-bedroom unit 1.5 / three+-bedroom unit
Residential: Assisted Living Facility	0.5 / unit
Residential: Convalescent Center	0.5 / bed
Commercial	2 / 1000 SF GFA
Industrial	1/ 1000 SF GFA
Institutional	Set by City Transportation Engineer

120th Ave NE Corridor Study Update



KIRKLANE

SAP Context: Street Types Map





Context Map



KIRKLAND 120TH AVE NE

SAP Baseline

(Street Standard adopted in Phase 1)

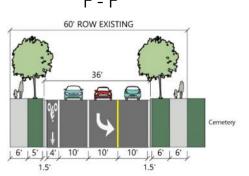


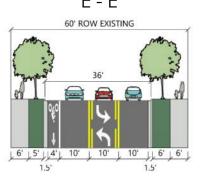


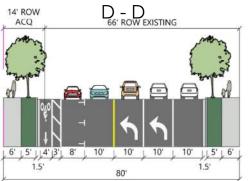
SAP Baseline

(Street Standard adopted in Phase 1)









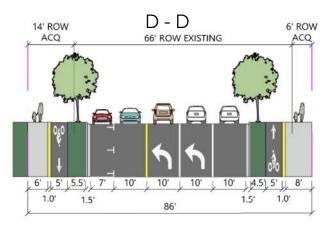


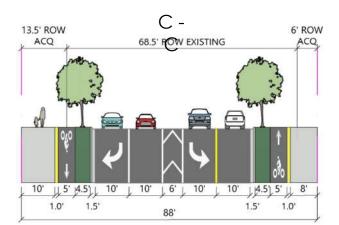


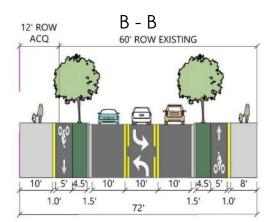
Alternative Design

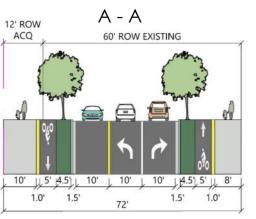
(preferred by Transportation Commission)













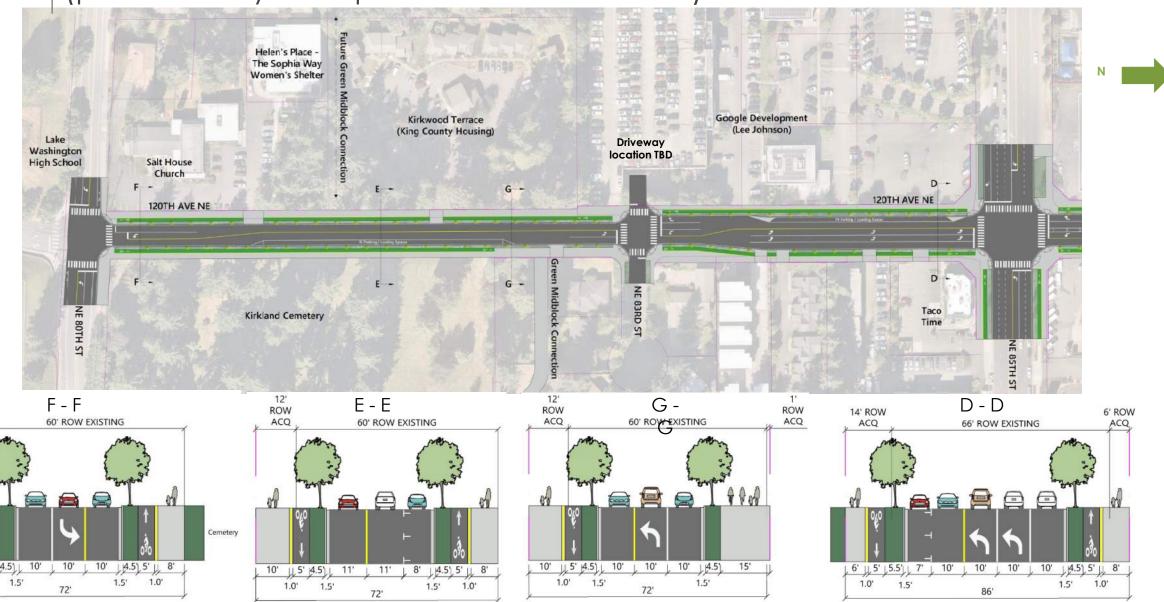
12"

ROW

ACQ

Alternative Design

(preferred by Transportation Commission)



Evaluation Matrix Summary

Criteria	Baseline	Alternative
Walking	6' - 8' sidewalks	6' - 10' sidewalks
Cycling	SB painted bike lane + shared use path No NB cycling facility	NB & SB protected bike lane
ROW	6.5'-10' of ROW required compared to existing conditions*	1'-12' of additional ROW required compared to baseline*
Parking / Loading	14 spaces provided	29 spaces provided
Total # of new and retained trees	132 total	128 total

^{*} No additional ROW required along Lee Johnson site

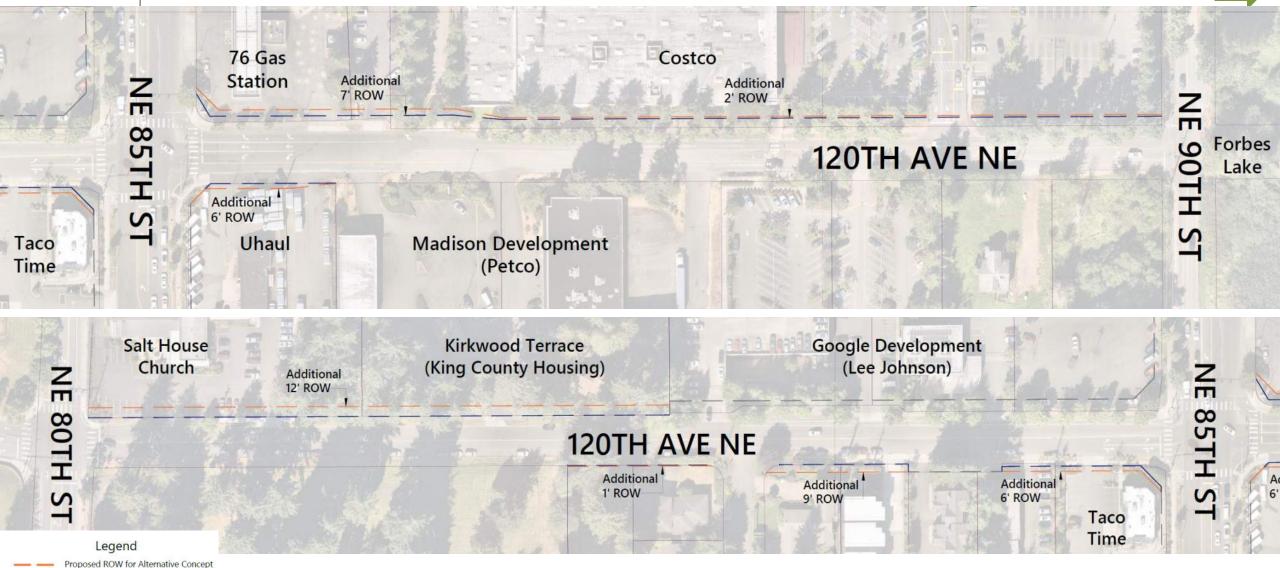
KIRKLAND

120TH AVE NE

Proposed ROW for Both Concepts

ROW Requirements





Planning Commission / Transportation Commission Direction on Parking and 120th Ave NE "Main St"

- Planning Commission asked staff to:
 - o Draft lower minimum required parking (from draft ratios) for affordable housing units
 - Clarify where street parking will be allowed in the district
- Planning Commission wants to understand more about the tradeoff between the 120th
 alternative requiring more right-of-way and any resulting decrease in development
 capacity on private property
- Transportation Commission endorsed the Alternative 120th Ave NE design

Next Steps

- November 15: City Council Public Hearing Planned Action Ordinance (PAO)
- Early 2023: Planning Commission Public Hearing Phase 2 FBC
- Early 2023: City Council Adoption of Phase 2 (FBC and PAO)