# Community Open House





## NE 85<sup>th</sup> Street Station Area Plan

City of Kirkland

Mithun May 19, 2022



A Duwamish village, 'STAH-lahl' was near the present town of Kirkland (15). Base map: "Puget Sound Region, WA", D Molenaar, 1987, via CoastSalishMap.org



Rendering of the region before non-indigenous settlement. Kirkland is known as (Place of dripping water) Waterlines Map, Courtesy Burke Museum



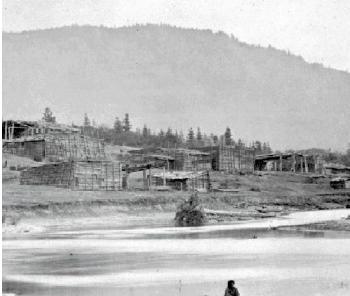
Muckleshoot fishing from a bridge Courtesy Muckleshoot Tribe



Muckleshoot girl circa 1890 Courtesy Muckleshoot Tribe

# Indigenous Land Acknowledgement

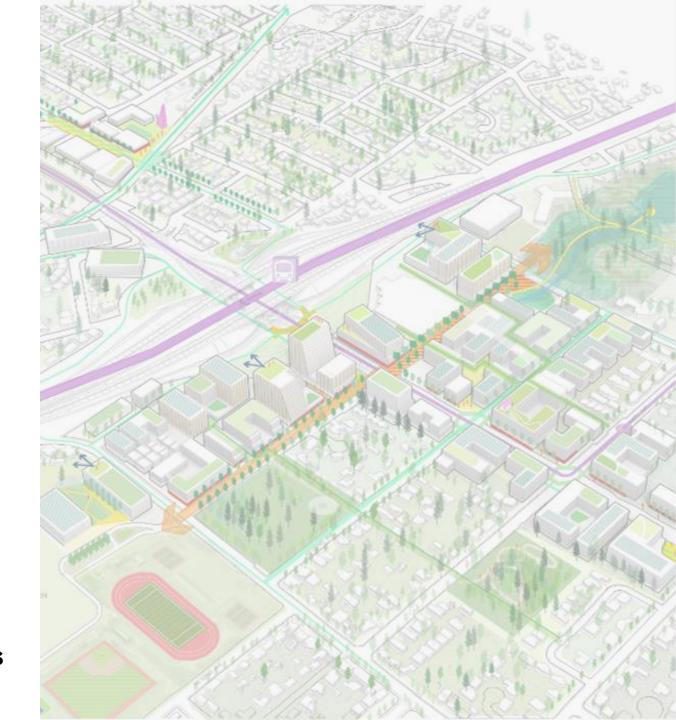
We acknowledge that the Southern Salish Sea region lies on the unceded and ancestral land of the Coast Salish peoples, the Duwamish, Muckleshoot, Puyallup, Skykomish, Snohomish, Suquamish and Tulalip tribes and other tribes of the Puget Sound Salish people, and that present-day City of Kirkland is in the traditional heartland of the Lake People and the River People. We honor with gratitude that land itself the First People – who have reserved treaty rights and continue to live here since time immemorial – and their ancestral heritage.



**Longhouses in Quamichan Village.** Courtesy of BC Archives, D00692 via CoastSalishMap ora

# **Tonight's Agenda**

- 5:30pm Welcome / Introduction
- 5:35pm –5:45pm The Station Area Plan purpose and process
  - What the plan does
  - Legislative process
  - Logistics for Q&A Sessions
- 5:45 6:25pm Station Area Plan and Comprehensive Plan Overview
  - o Public Q&A
- 6:25 7:00pm Draft Form-based Code: Commercial Mixed Use District / Draft Design Guidelines
  - o Public Q&A
- 7:00pm 7:25pm Preliminary Planned Action Ordinance and Incentive Zoning Concept
  - o Public Q&A
- 7:25 7:30pm Summary Recap and Next Steps

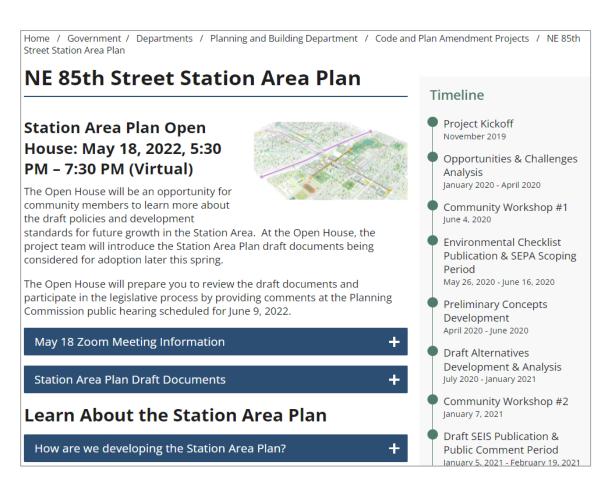


# Welcome and Introduction—

# Thank you for being here!

City Councilmembers & Planning
 Commissioners here to listen and learn

- Project Team Introduction
- Presentation tonight will help prepare community to participate in legislative (adoption) process
  - Next phase of input is through the public hearing
- Draft documents available now:
  - https://www.kirklandwa.gov/gov/stationareaplan



# Planning Commission Public Hearing: June 9, 2022 (7pm)

- Planning Commission holds public hearing gathers record of public input in the legislative process
  - Individual comment time may be limited, but Commission will not limit number of speakers
  - o Written comments can be submitted to Planning Commission, or staff, prior to public hearing
- Suggestions for making public comment at the hearing
  - Focus on City projects that Commission/Council has authority over
  - Specific comments about draft code amendments being considered
  - Offer changes to draft amendments
- Planning Commission will deliberate <u>after</u> hearing all public comment
  - Deliberation may be continued to June 14 (TBD)
- Planning Commission makes recommendation to City Council —> Council considers public comment from Commission hearing and recommendation prior to adoption

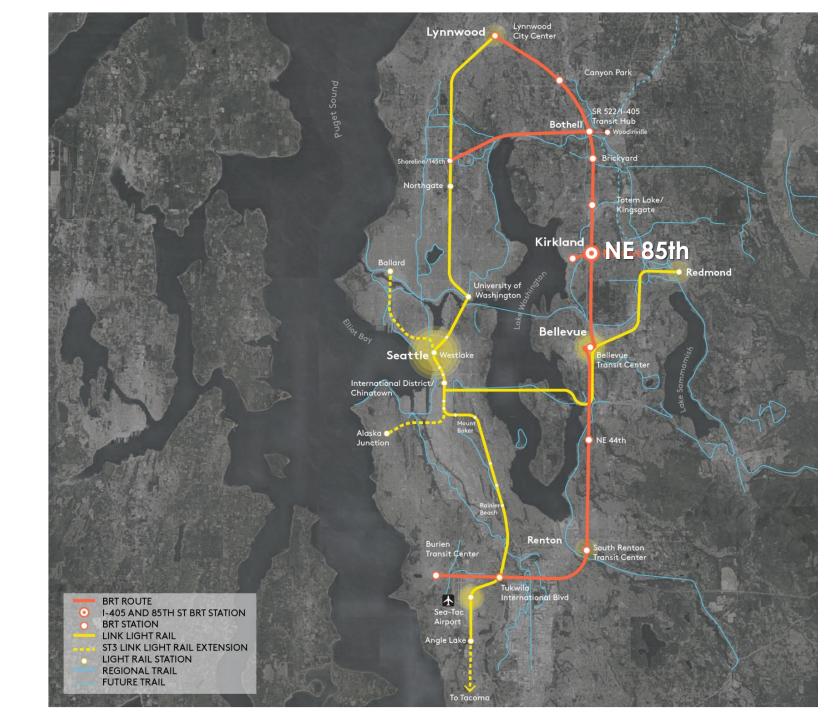
# A community plan for the future of the NE 85<sup>th</sup> Station Area—

# Why Plan for the NE 85th Station Area?

The new WSDOT / Sound Transit Bus Rapid Transit station at I-405 and NE 85<sup>th</sup> will connect Kirkland regionally to light rail at Bellevue, Lynnwood, and to SeaTac with frequent bus service every 10-15 minutes.

The Station Area Plan was directed by the City Council in 2019 to leverage this once in a generation regional BRT transit investment...

...and proactively plan for potential growth over the next 20+ years (adopted resolution R-5356).



The City's Objective
Leverage the BRT station
regional transit
investment.

Maximize transit-oriented development and create the most...

- Opportunity and Inclusion,
- Value for the City,
- Community Benefits, including:
  - plentiful affordable housing
  - sustainability measures
  - o park amenities
  - o active transportation improvements
  - solutions for school capacity
- and Quality of life.



# What plans and codes are changing and what parts of Kirkland are included?



#### **Station Area Plan**

- Vision and Goals
- Community Benefits Strategy
- Urban Design Framework
- Recommendations including Projects and Services
  - Land Use and Zoning
  - Open Space, Parks, and Environment
  - Transportation and Mobility
  - Utilities and Public Services

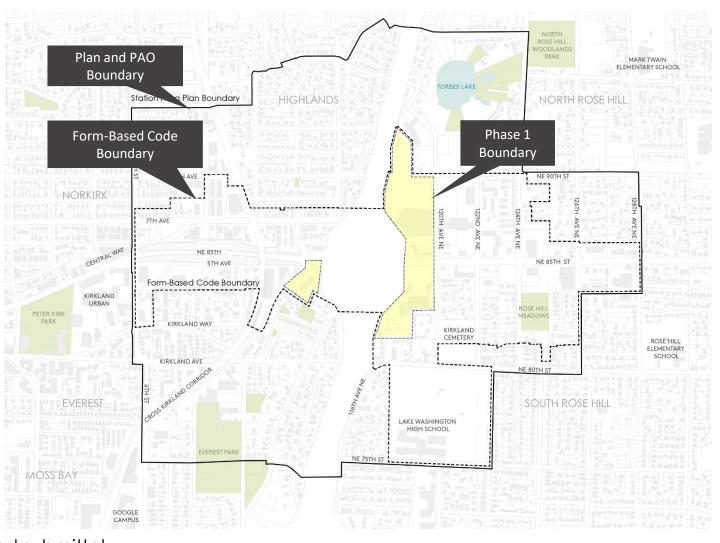


### **Comprehensive Plan Updates**

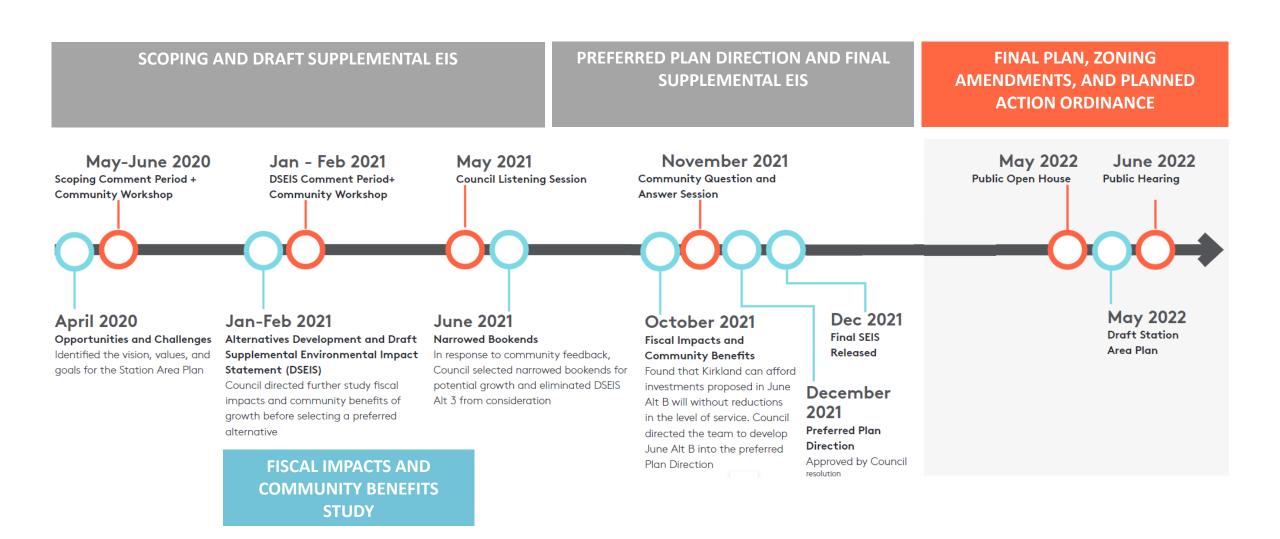
- Comprehensive Plan Policies
- **Regulation Updates**
- Form-Based Zoning Code
- Parcel re-zones
- Design Guidelines

#### **Planned Action Ordinance**

- Environmental review for planned actions within the station area
- Includes specific mitigation measures and submittal requirements for applicant SEPA exemption



## What is the planning process?



## How did other plans influence the Preferred Plan Direction?

The Plan builds on the 2035 Comprehensive Plan; the Highlands, Everest, Norkirk, Moss Bay, and Rose Hill Neighborhood Plans; the Sustainability Master Plan; the CKC Master Plan; and others. It includes Housing Action Planning supported by HB 1923.

To support growth over the next 23 years, three alternatives were studied, and two intermediate levels of growth within these bookends were studied in more detail for their fiscal impacts and ability to support community benefits.















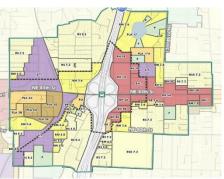


Total Households: 2.782 Total Jobs: 10.859

#### ALTERNATIVE 1

#### No Action

Reflects existing zoning and current plans. It makes no planning changes to accommodate projected growth.



Total Households: 8.509 Total Jobs: 28.688

#### ALTERNATIVE 2

#### **Guiding Transit-Oriented Growth**

Allows moderate growth around transit, primarily focused on existing commercial areas such as Rose Hill.



Max Allowable Heights: 150' Typical Allowable Heights: 55-85' Max Allowable Heights: 300' Typical Allowable Heights: 85-150'

Total Households: 10.909

Total Jobs: 34.988

ALTERNATIVE 3

Rose Hill.

**Transit-Oriented Hub** 

Allows most growth to support transit-

on existing commercial areas such as

oriented development, primarily focused





# How has the community and public shaped this plan so far?

We heard from over 1,000 stakeholders of all ages who live and work here!

2 Community workshops

Public Planning Commission Meetings Community
Q&A Session

4U8 Survey responses

114 Written draft SEIS Comments Public Transportation Commission Meetings

Public City Council Meetings

City Council Meeting Listening Session

Group of Focus	Outreach Via
Residents within the Station Area and Kirkland Residents	Neighborhood associations
Older Adults	Senior housing facilities
Renters	Multifamily housing buildings
People with Limited English Proficiency	Chinese Information Services Center
People of Color	Ethnic businesses and groceries
Youth	Lake Washington High School
Low Income Households	Service providers
Households with poor digital access	Posters at essential businesses/residences
Large Property Owners in the Station Area	Direct engagement
Businesses in the Station Area and in Kirkland	Chambers of commerce
Transit Riders, Bicyclists, Pedestrians	Transit-, pedestrian-, and bike-based organizations
Private Sector Employees	Major employers
Teachers and Public Employees	Unions
Development Community	Email – During Market Study
Public Agencies and Tribes	DSEIS Request for Comment







### Question and comment themes



What additional mitigation projects and/or Transportation
Demand Management strategies
could be implemented to address
these adverse impacts under
Alternatives 2 and 3?

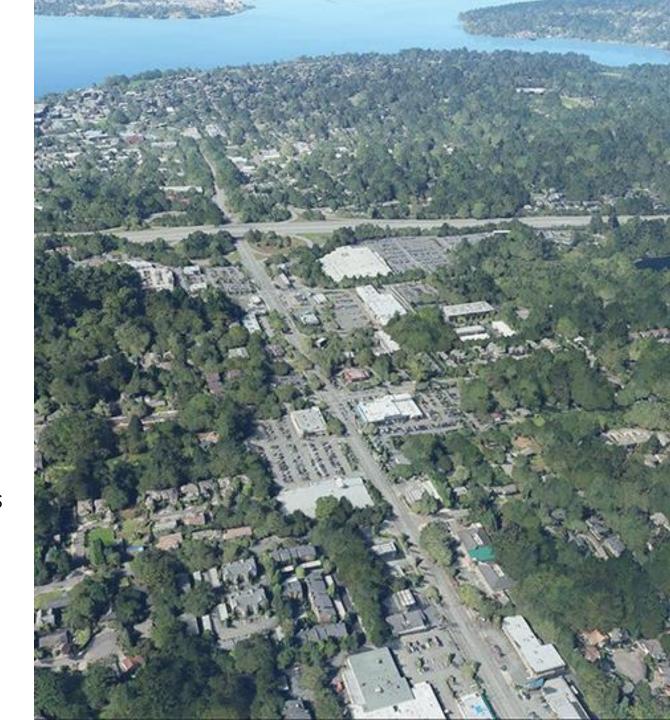
You need to make sure there are enough schools that children can go to and that there will be public bus routes to before and after school.

Is this burden to build this infrastructure going to be placed on the current tax payers of Kirkland?

## **Response to Community Input**

# Council has responded to community input since 2019 by:

- Holding Special Meeting of Council for Listening Session in May 2021
- Authorizing additional analyses prior to advancing phases in planning process
- Removing Draft SEIS Alternative 3 from consideration
- Directing Fiscal Impacts and Community Benefits Analysis
- Continuing to emphasize that the Plan address key community concerns such as Parks/Open Space, Transportation, and Schools



## **Response to Community Input**

### Project team has heard ongoing concerns:

- Traffic congestion and parking impacts around the potential Google development and Lake Washington High School
- Questions about impact the pick-up/drop-off area may have on congestion and overflow parking affecting the Highlands neighborhood.

### Staff are responding by:

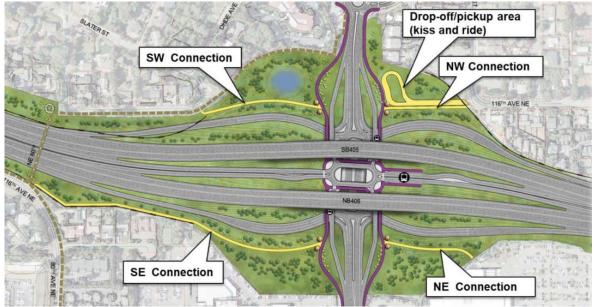
- Refining specific transportation projects and policies to address concerns:
  - Evaluating parking zones around the Google campus and near the Highlands drop-off area to prevent spillover parking.
  - Developing transportation improvements in Highlands.
- Coordinating with WSDOT and Sound Transit staff to provide more information to community members (May 9 presentation to KAN; May 18 presentation to Highlands N.A.



Compact Roundabouts at NE 87th and 116th Ave

Revise this intersection to be a compact roundabout that better accommodates people walking, biking, and access to the NE 85th Street Station pick-up and drop-off





# How can I participate now and share my comments with decision-makers?

- Now June 9: Submit written testimony to Planning Commission prior to public hearing
- May 23 June 9: Station Area Display @ City Hall
- June 9, 2022: Planning Commission Public Hearing and Deliberations –
   Recommendation to City Council
- June 2022: City Council Adoption Phase 1
- Summer/Fall 2022: Planning Commission and City Council Study Phase 2
- Ongoing: Naming the Station Area

# **Webinar Rules—**

# Everyone is welcome, all viewpoints need to be shared and heard

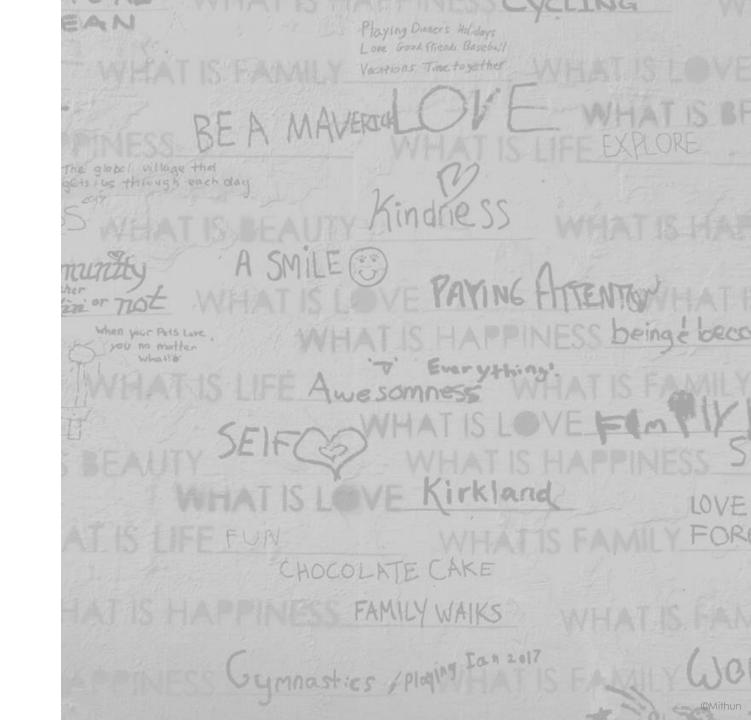
One person speaks at a time

Respect the views of others

Listen to understand, not to debate

Be ready to expand on your viewpoint so that it can best be understood

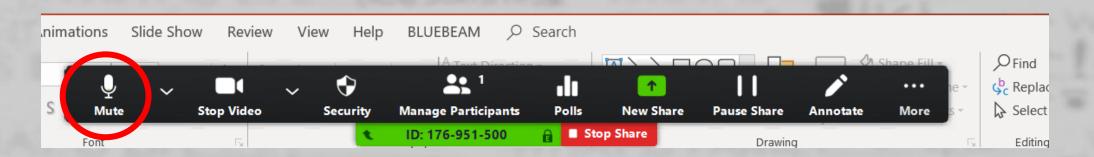
Hate speech is not tolerated



# **Webinar Format**

- This presentation is being recorded and will be posted to the Station Area Plan webpage.
- During the Q&A, we ask that members of the public **limit questions/comments to 2 minutes.** Project team will respond briefly to allow as many questions as possible.
- Questions may be sent using the Q&A function by directly typing within the box.

# Mute / Unmute yourself in Zoom

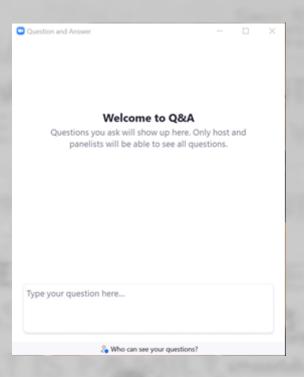


# How to Ask A Question



Raise your (virtual) hand to join the queue for speaking





Type a question in the Q&A Box

- · Project team will take questions in order of raised hands per segment.
- Speakers will be promoted to panelist to ask their question.
- Priority given to community members that have not asked a question yet.

# Draft Station Area Plan and Comprehensive Plan Policies—

## **Station Area Plan Concepts**

The Station Area is a thriving, new walkable district with high tech and family wage jobs, plentiful affordable housing, sustainable buildings, park amenities, and commercial and retail services linked by transit. The plan supports adding up to 6,243 new households and 17,763 new jobs by 2044 in addition to the residents and businesses here today.

The vibrant, mixed-use environment is a model of innovation. With an outstanding quality of life and unmatched mobility choices, the Station Area is eco-friendly, a place to connect, and deeply rooted in the history of the land, the people, and the culture of this special crossroads in Kirkland.



## **Station Area Plan Contents**

1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

02 PROJECT CONTEXT

03 EXISTING CONDITIONS



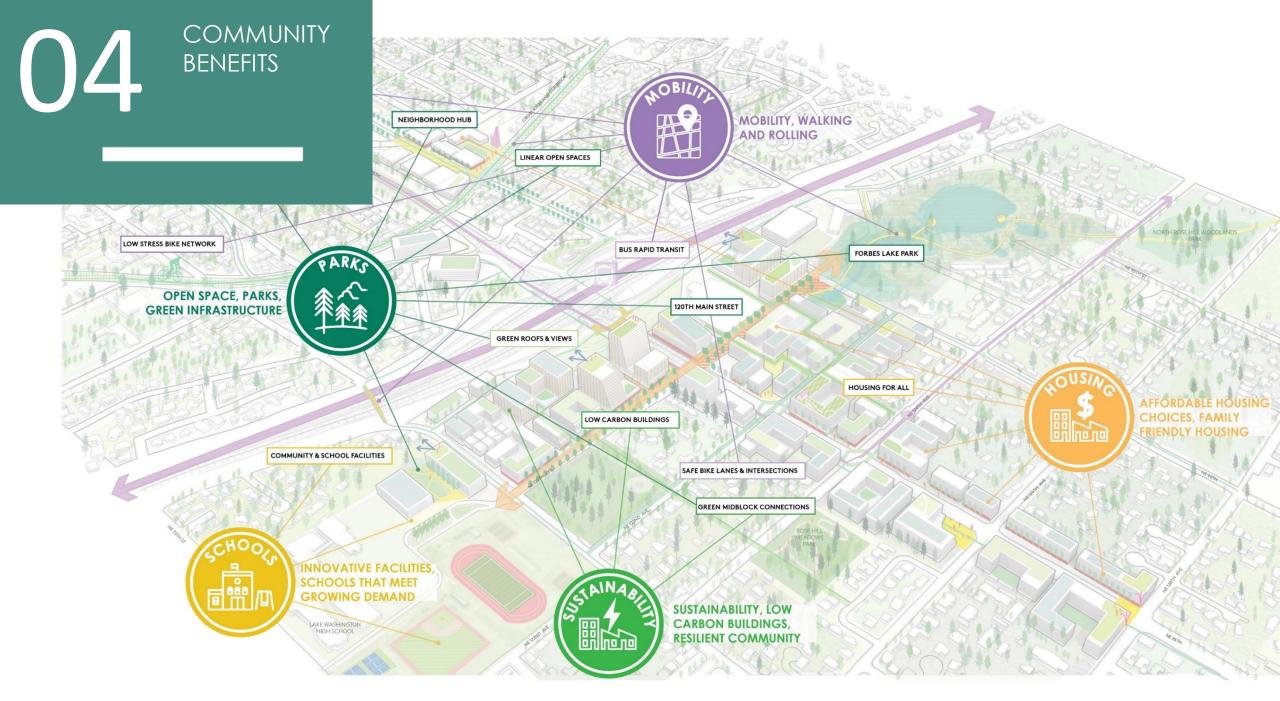


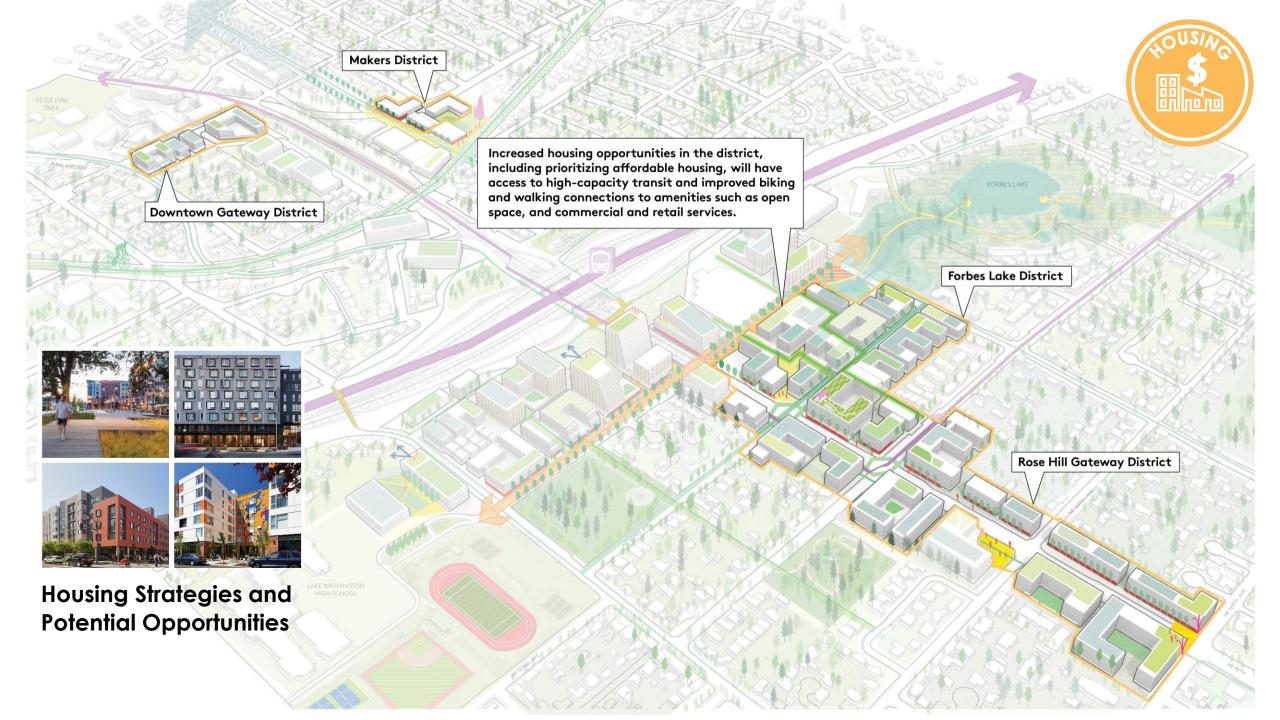
7 LAND USE AND ZONING

PARKS, OPEN SPACE AND ENVIRONMENT

9 TRANSPORTATION AND MOBILITY

10 UTILITIES AND PUBLIC SERVICES









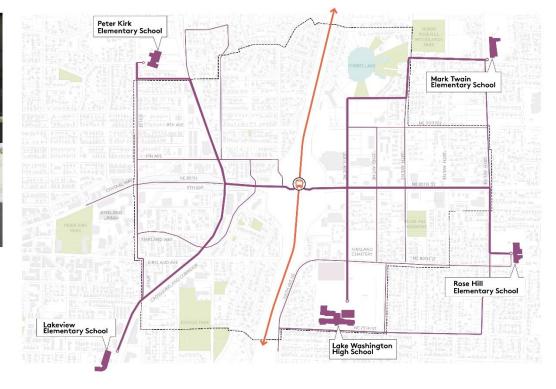


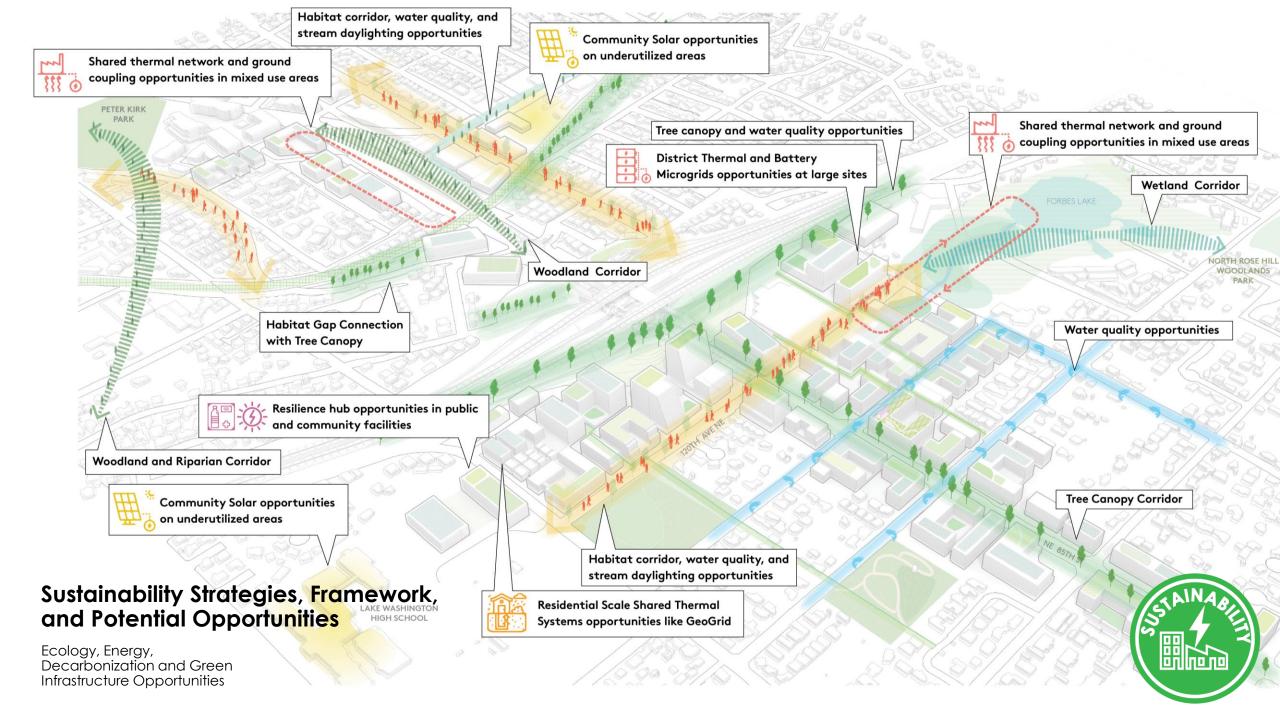




School and Education Strategies and Potential Opportunities

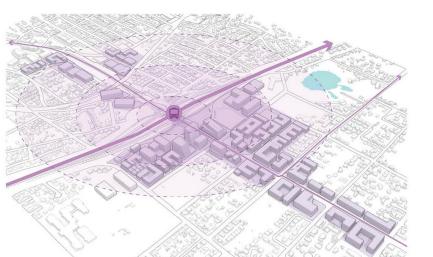
#### School Facilities and Potential Safe Routes

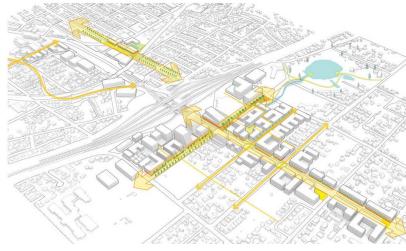






# **Urban Design Framework**

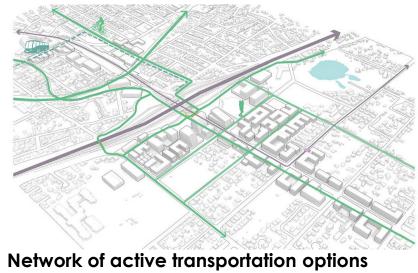


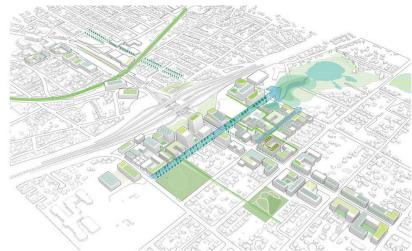


Inclusive, Transit-Oriented Growth

Neighborhood transitions and building scale

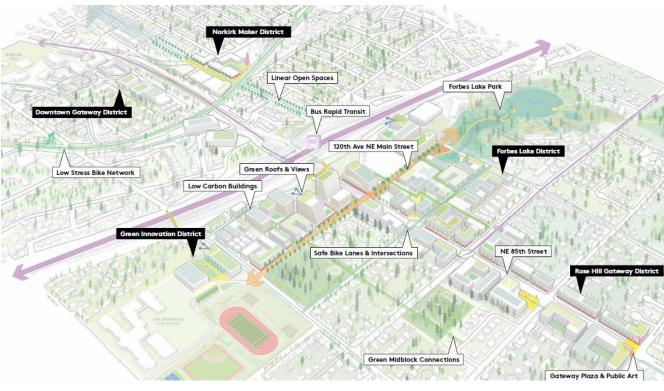
Great public realm experiences





District Approach to Sustainability





Future NE 85th Street Looking West

NE 85th Street Station Area Plan Overview

# Walkable Districts to Live, Work, Learn, and Play















WEST







Green Innovation District







**EAST** 

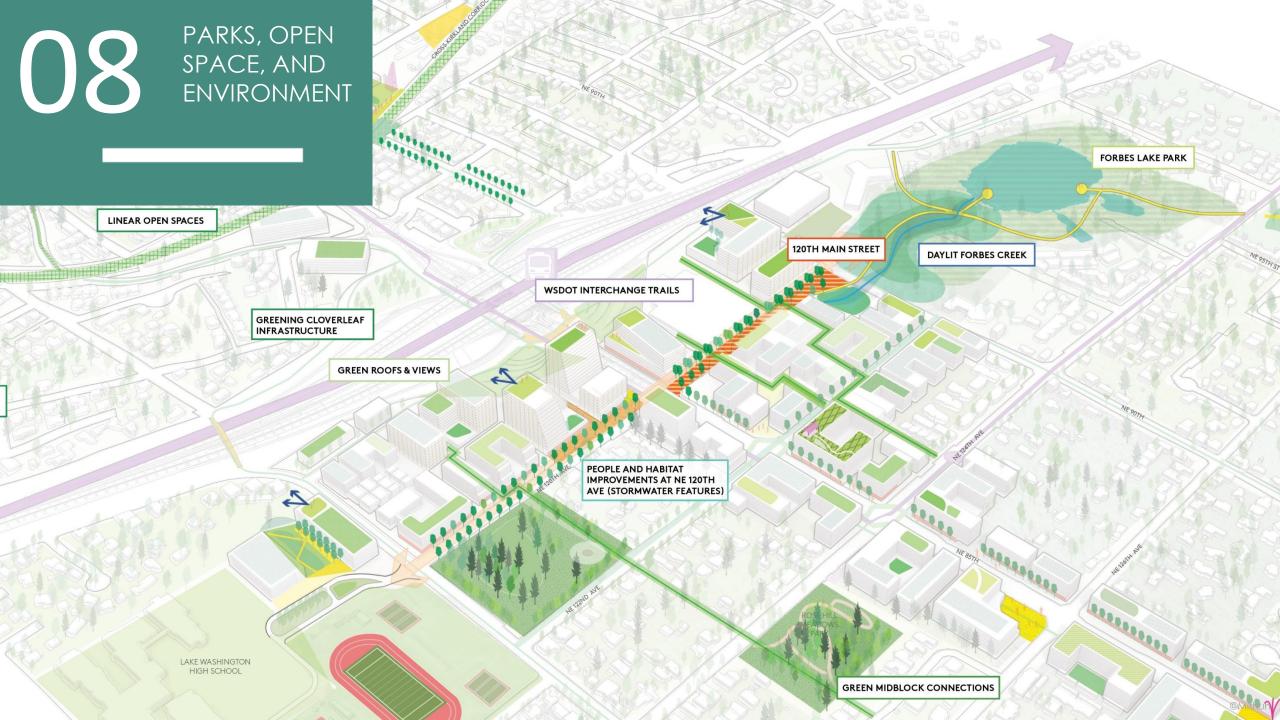
Rose Hill Gateway District











# Parks, Open Space, and Connections

#### Pocket Park

Pocket parks are opportunities to incorporate open space in dense, tight urban fabric with a minimum of 10,000 square feet. The commercial mixed use district could see potential for pocket parks given its density.



#### Active Recreation

The types of active recreation programming is limitless and varied. Some example opportunities for the Station Area include pickleball courts, playgrounds, exercise equipment, and bocce ball courts.





#### Linear Open Space Along Trails

Linear Open Spaces along trails will be a minimum of 15,000 square feet and incorporate a variety of programs. Opportunities within the study area include developer improvements along the Cross Kirldand Corridor (CKC) and trail connections to transit stops along the 86th Street and BRT Station.



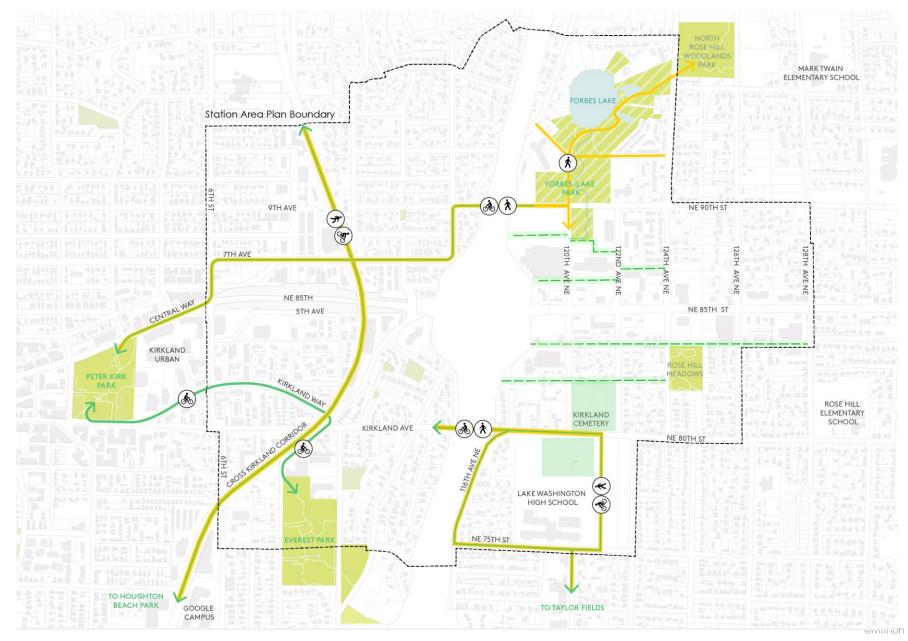


#### Community Gardens

Community gardens are opportunities to provide planter beds for food cultivation and/or habitat for pollinator species and bees. They can be in surfoce parking lots as temporary programming, or in more permanent conditions such as on private rooftops, within pocket parks, public plazes and on publicly accessible rooffops.

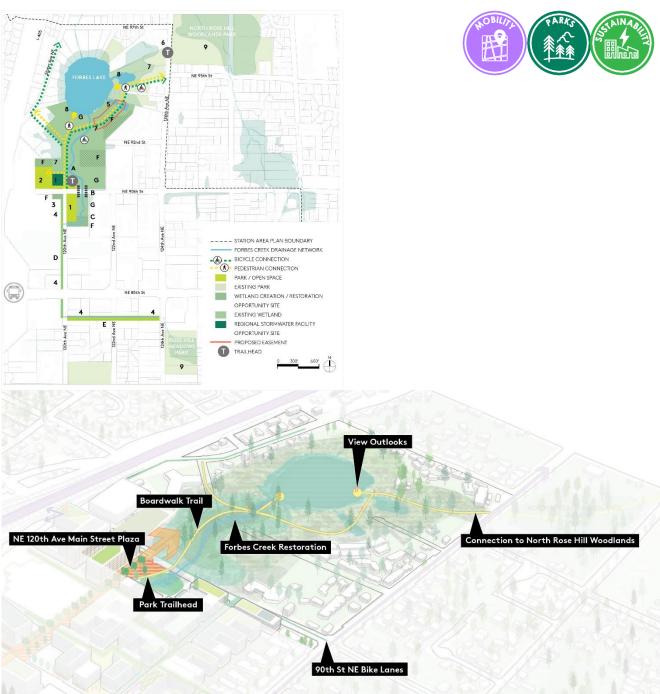






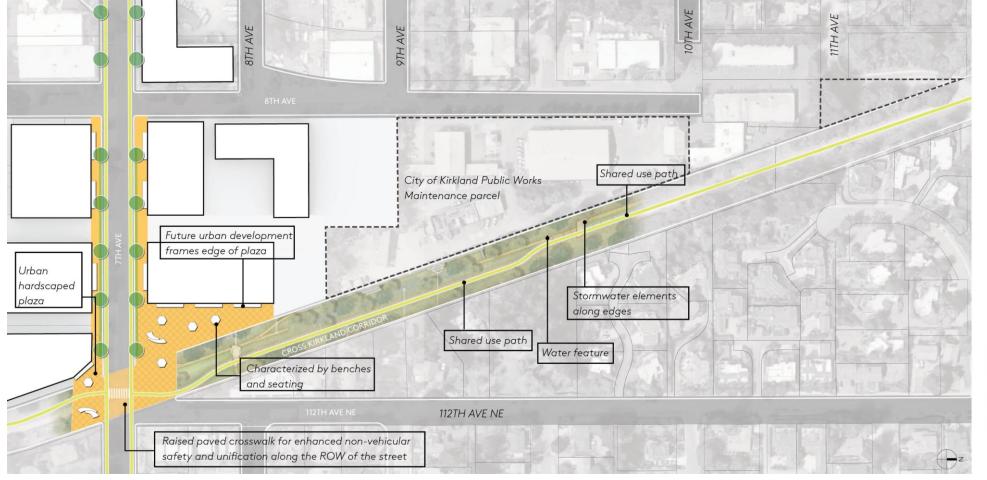
# Forbes Lake Park





# Future Norkirk Plaza at Cross Kirkland Corridor (CKC) and 7th Avenue







INSET



**FERITON SPUR PARK** 



# Mobility for All Ages and Abilities

Main goals throughout this plan are to support mobility, to increase opportunities for people to walk, bike, and take transit to key services and destinations, and to manage vehicular congestion.

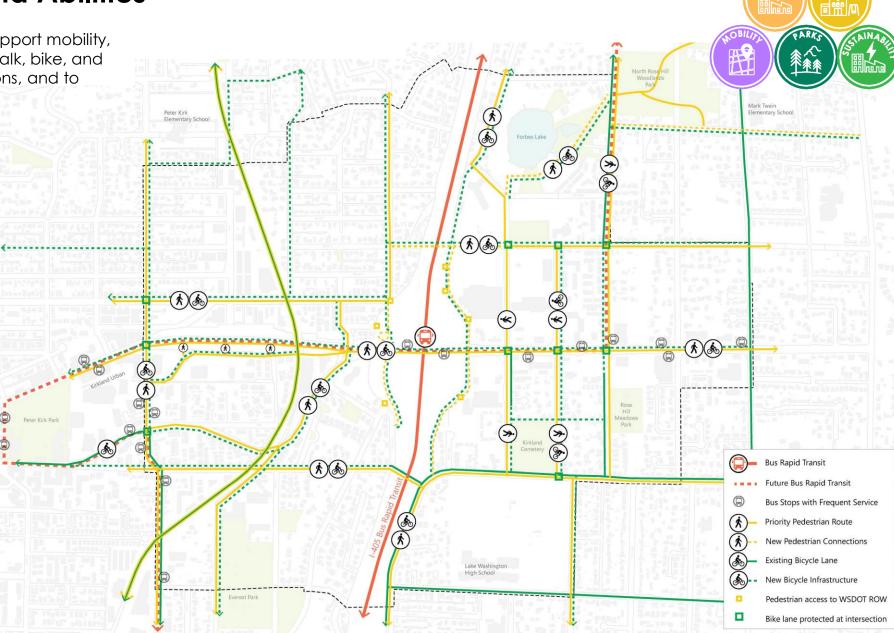
- Create a safe, connected pedestrian network where walking is a comfortable and intuitive first choice for many trips.
- 2. Create a connected bike network that accommodates people of all ages and abilities.
- 3. Encourage and incentivize more people to walk and bike and encourage safe behavior for all users of the transportation system.











# **Transportation Projects Summary**



2 COMPACT ROUNDABOUTS AT NE 87<sup>TH</sup> AND 116<sup>TH</sup> AVE



S NE 85<sup>TH</sup> STREET AND 120<sup>TH</sup> AVENUE NE IMPROVEMENTS



- NE 87TH / 7TH AVE CORRIDOR
- COMPACT ROUNDABOUTS AT NE 87TH AND 116TH AVE
- 3 NE 90TH STREET CORRIDOR
- 124TH AVENUE NE WIDENING AND PROTECTED BIKE LANES
- NE 85TH STREET AND 120TH AVENUE NE IMPROVEMENTS

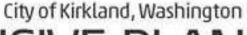
- 6 NE 85TH STREET IMPROVEMENTS: I-405 TO 128TH AVENUE NE
- NE 85TH AND 124TH AVENUE NE IMPROVEMENTS
- 8 NE 80TH STREET AND 120TH AVENUE NE IMPROVEMENTS
- 9 NE 80TH STREET AND 116TH AVE NE IMPROVEMENTS

#### **UTILITIES AND** NORTH ROSE HILL WOODLANDS PUBLIC PARK MARK TWAIN **ELEMENTARY SCHOOL SERVICES** FORBES LAKE Station Area Plan Boundary NE 85TH KIRKLAND URBAN PETER KIRK **IEADOWS** PARK **ROSE HILL** KIRKLAND ELEMENTARY CEMETERY SCHOOL New Transportation Project Intersections Proposed PHV Future Sidewalk LAKE WASHINGTON IIGH SCHOO - Future Shared Use Path - Future Bike Lane EVEREST PARK New Transportation Projects Corridors Water Additions CIP Improvements Water CIP Projects Sewer Additional CIP Improvements **Representative Infrastructure Projects** Sewer CIP Projects Surface Water Pipe Replacement Source: City of Kirkland GOOGLE SAP Boundary CAMPUS

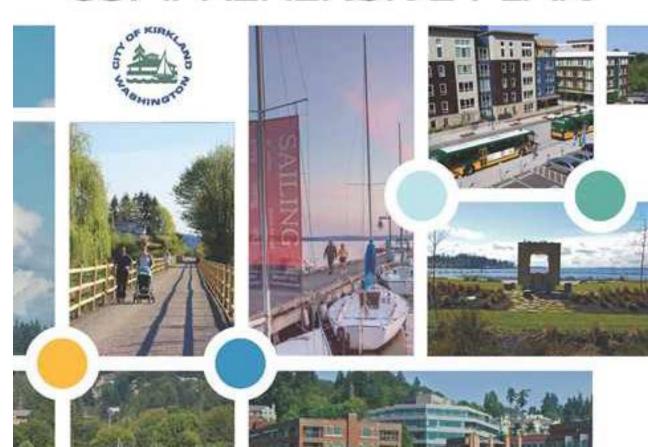
## **Comprehensive Plan Amendments**

- New Station Area Chapter added to establish goals and policies for future growth
- Will address Station Area relationships to Neighborhood Plans
  - Overlays six existing neighborhoods doesn't change neighborhood boundaries
  - Establish that Station Area Goals and Policies will govern when neighborhood plan policies specify different direction (e.g., growth capacity, height, access, etc.)
  - Station Area process will include only minor edits- future amendments could further address any inconsistencies
- Adopted by Ordinance in June 2022





# COMPREHENSIVE PLAN



# **Draft Comprehensive Plan Goals**

#### **Land Use and Development**

- Establish residential and employment growth targets that accommodate a significant share of the City's growth.
- Promote the Station Area as a district where all community members are welcome and celebrated.

#### Housing

- Plan for and achieve housing production (including affordable housing) to meet growth targets and maximize opportunities for affordable housing provision in the Station Area.
- Increase Affordable housing by developing strategies and incentives to increase the amount of affordable housing.

#### Parks and Open Space

 Provide ample opportunity in the Station Area for community members to connect with active and passive recreation opportunities, open space, and managed natural areas.

#### Sustainability and Natural Resources

• Prioritize opportunities to create multiple benefits across ecosystem functions.

#### **Urban Design**

 Advance pedestrian friendly, transit- oriented development, and transit-supportive planning that orients land uses around transit.

#### **Economic Development**

 Provide opportunity for a vibrant district, with interesting places to live, work, recreate, and visit that becomes a destination- a place people want to be.

#### **Transportation**

- Provide a sustainable, equitable, affordable, safe, and efficient multimodal transportation system, with specific emphasis on an integrated regional transit network.
- Achieve the following mode-split goal by the Station Area horizon planning year of 2044:

24% Walk/bike 29% Transit/HOV 47% SOV

#### **Active Transportation**

 Develop a bold vision of a multimodal transportation network in the Station Area that prioritizes pedestrians and cyclists and amenities.

## **Draft Comprehensive Plan Policies**

For more information on the policies please visit

https://www.kirklandwa.gov/stationareaplan

Home / Government / Departments / Planning and Building Department / Code and P Street Station Area Plan

#### **NE 85th Street Station Area Plan**

### Station Area Plan Open House: May 18, 2022, 5:30 PM – 7:30 PM (Virtual)



The Open House will be an opportunity for community members to learn more about the draft policies and development standards for future growth in the Station Area. At the Open House, the project team will introduce the Station Area Plan draft documents being considered for adoption later this spring.

The Open House will prepare you to review the draft documents and participate in the legislative process by providing comments at the Planning Commission public hearing scheduled for June 9, 2022.

#### May 18 Zoom Meeting Information



#### Station Area Plan Draft Documents

The draft documents below were discussed by City Council and Planning Commission at their May 12 joint study session, and are intended to guide public comment during the legislative process. Final drafts of these documents will be included in the meeting materials for the scheduled June 9, 2022 Planning Commission public hearing on the Station Area Plan.

- <u>Inact Station Area Plan</u> (PDF, 23MB)
- E Draft Comprehensive Plan Goals and Policies (PDF, 601KB)
- <u>Draft Form-based Code: Commercial Mixed-use District (Phase 1)</u>

# Q&A—

# Draft Form-Based Code

[Commercial Mixed-Use District]

& Design Guidelines—

[All districts]

# Form-based Code Concepts

## Regulating District

Building Height Building Massing Facade Modulation Side & Rear Setbacks

# Frontage Type

Front Setbacks Ground Floor Design Cafe & Amenity Zones

# Street Type

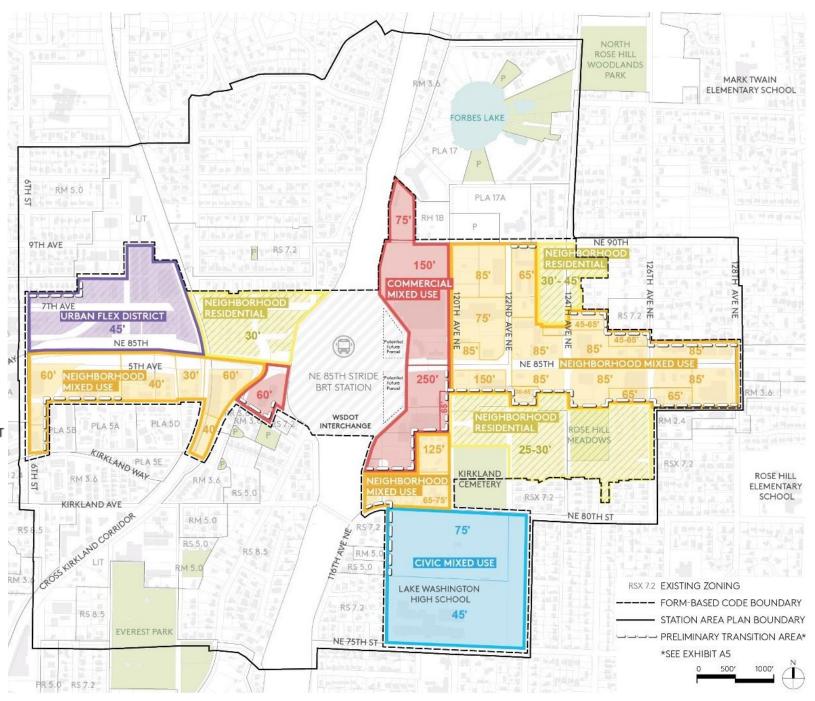
Sidewalks Trees & Street Furnishings Bike Facilities Road Widths





## **Regulating Plan**





#### REGULATING DISTRICT STANDARDS

#### **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

Illustrations and graphics are included in this section to assist users in understanding the purpose and requirements of the regulations. In the event a conflict occurs between the text of this section and any illustration or graphic, the text supersedes.

#### REGULATING DISTRICT COMPONENTS

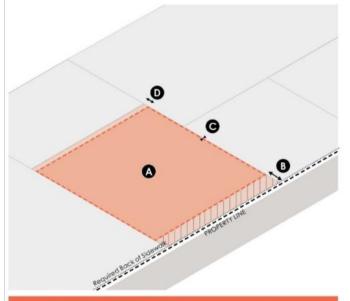
The following terms and concepts are used in regulating districts to address a lot's development parameters and building massing. This section is intended to clarify intent, for full definitions, refer to KZC Ch 5.10.

- 1. Lot Boundary represents the perimeter of the subject property.
- 2. Lot Coverage refers to the area of the Maximum Lot Coverage as defined in KZC Ch 5.10. The shaded area on graphics for lot coverage does not represent the required placement or location of buildable area.
- 3. Required Yards refers to the minimum Required Yard as defined in KZC Ch 5.10.
- 4. Base Maximum Allowed Height is the maximum allowed height of all buildings within a given regulating subdistrict by right, based on the Average Building Elevation as defined in KZC Ch 5.10, unless an alternate height calculation is identified in this chapter.
- 5. Bonus Maximum Allowed Height is the maximum allowed height of all buildings within a given regulating subdistrict with applicable bonus height, based on the Average Building Elevation as defined in KZC Ch 5.10. For details on the incentive zoning allowances, see the Incentive Zoning section of this Chapter.
- 6. Maximum Floor Plate is the maximum Gross Floor Area allowed for each floor of a structure. Reductions shall be utilized at the exterior of the building. See design guidelines for additional guidance on achieving floor plate reductions. Maximum floor plate requirements are regulated at increments of structure height above the

Average Building Elevation as defined in KZC Ch 5.10 unless an alternate height calculation is identified in this chapter.

- 7. Upper Story Street Setbacks are height-based triggers specified along streets for the building façade to be set back from the back of the required minimum sidewalk by a certain horizontal distance. This dimension may be averaged along the full street frontage, so long as no portion of the floor to be set back is less than 50% of the required setback distance. These setbacks apply to street-facing exterior walls only.
- 8. Tower Separation refers to the horizontal distance between the closest exterior walls of adjacent towers, excluding skybridges, decks, and balconies. "Tower" refers to any portions of buildings greater than 75' in height.
- 9. Primary Use refers to the predominant and main land use activity on a site, and is the highest and most readily identifiable use that characterizes a property.

#### REGULATING DISTRICTS: COMMERCIAL MIXED USE

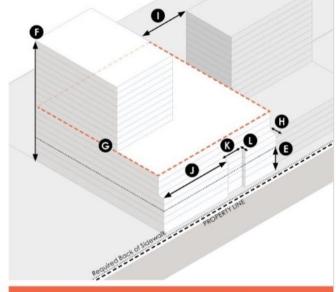


#### LOT COVERAGE AND SETBACKS

Permitted Uses

General Permitted Uses	Commercial, Institutiona
Lot Coverage	
Max Lot Coverage *	90%
Required Yards	
Front	Refer to Frontage Types
Side	0' Min
Rear	5' Min

placement or setbacks.



#### MASSING AND DEVELOPMENT DENSITY

Height	and	Floor A	Area
--------	-----	---------	------

A Unner Story Street Sethacks

ø	Base Maximum Allowed Height	Refer to Regulating Plan

Θ	Maximum Floor Plate	Between 45'-75': 35,000 GSF
	Maximum Floor Plate (per building)	Between 75'-125': 25,000 GSF
		Above 125': 20,000 GSF

#### **Setbacks and Tower Separation**

w	opper story street serbacks	At 125': 30' setback
0	Tower Separation	60'
0	Maximum Facade Width	160'
_		

At 75': 15' setback

Minimum Facade Break Width 15'

Minimum Facade Break Depth

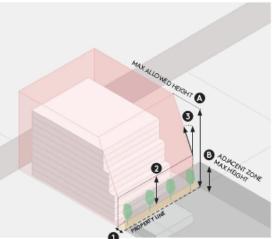
#### **TRANSITIONS**

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS

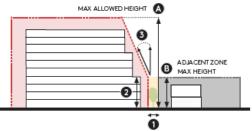
- 1. Intent: Transitions are intended to ensure that new development is consistent with the vision of the NE 85th Street Station Area Plan to provide appropriate transitions of development intensity, height, and bulk across zones.
- 2. Applicability: Transitions are required where the difference between the maximum height proposed for a subject property is more than 30' higher than the maximum allowed height of an abutting parcel. These transitions may be applied to side or rear lot lines. Front parcel transitions are addressed through upper story setbacks requirements for each regulating district. No portion of the structure shall extend into this Sky Plane Exposure.
- 3. Transition Requirements: Where transitions are applicable, they shall consist of a required Landscape Buffer and a Sky Plane Exposure.
- 4. Landscape Buffer: A minimum 15-foot-wide landscaped strip with a 6-foot-high solid screening fence or wall planted consistent with Buffering Standard 1 of KZC Chapter 95.
- 5. Sky Plane Exposure: Transitions are established using a sky plane exposure plane that sets the maximum envelope for massing within the subject property. The sky exposure plane is measured at an angle from a vertical line. To calculate the sky exposure plane, use the following steps:
- i. Establish a transition starting elevation by determining the existing grade at the subject property's midpoint elevation along the abutting common lot line.
  - ii. Create a vertical plane 15' set back from and parallel to the common lot line.
  - iii. Establish a maximum height of the vertical plane that is equal to the midpoint grade elevation plus the maximum allowed height for the zone of the adjoining property.

iv. From the top of this vertical plane, extend a sky exposure plane at an angle of 25 degrees to the maximum allowed height of the subject property zone.

#### FIGURE 15: DISTRICTWIDE STANDARDS



#### **EXAMPLE ONE**



Applicability

Transitions are required if the allowed maximum height for the subject parcel is greater than 30' above the maximum allowed height 6 for any adjacent parcel.

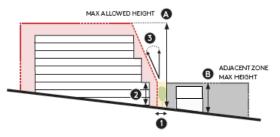
Create a vertical plane 15' away from and parallel to the common lot line.

Requirement

Establish a maximum height of the vertical plane that is equal to the 2 midpoint grade elevation plus the maximum allowed height for the zone of the adjoining property.

From the top of this vertical plane, extend a sky exposure plane at an angle of 25 degrees to the maximum allowed height of the subject property zone.

#### **EXAMPLE TWO**



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## **Frontage Types Overview**

#### **Urban Street Edge**



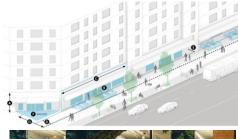




#### **Applicable Street Types**

- Major Thoroughfare
- Main Street
- Neighborhood Mixed Use
- Neighborhood Residential Street
- · Green Midblock Connection

#### **Retail & Active Uses**







#### **Applicable Street Types**

- Major Thoroughfare
- Main Street
- Neighborhood Mixed Use

#### **Residential Stoop/Porch**







#### **Applicable Street Types**

- Neighborhood Mixed Use
- Neighborhood Residential Street
- Green Midblock Connection

#### Plaza/Public Space







#### **Applicable Street Types**

- Major Thoroughfare
- Main Street
- Neighborhood Mixed Use
- Neighborhood Residential Street
- Green Midblock Connection

#### **Private Yard**

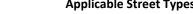






#### **Applicable Street Types**

- Neighborhood Residential Street
- Green Midblock Connection



#### FRONTAGE TYPE STANDARDS

#### **URBAN STREET EDGE**

#### INTENT AND CHARACTER

The Urban Street Edge frontage type is intended to establish a public realm consistent with a walkable mixed-use environment. Characteristics include buildings set close to the public right of way, pedestrian-oriented facades, and landscaping that contributes to an urban environment. Examples consistent with the intent of this frontage type are shown in Figure 4.

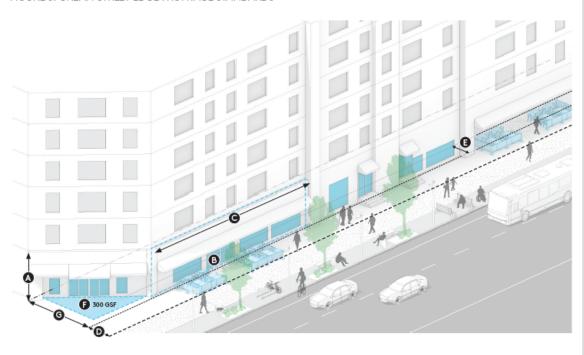
FIGURE 4: CHARACTER EXAMPLES FOR URBAN STREET EDGE FRONTAGE TYPE







#### FIGURE 5: URBAN STREET EDGE FRONTAGE STANDARDS



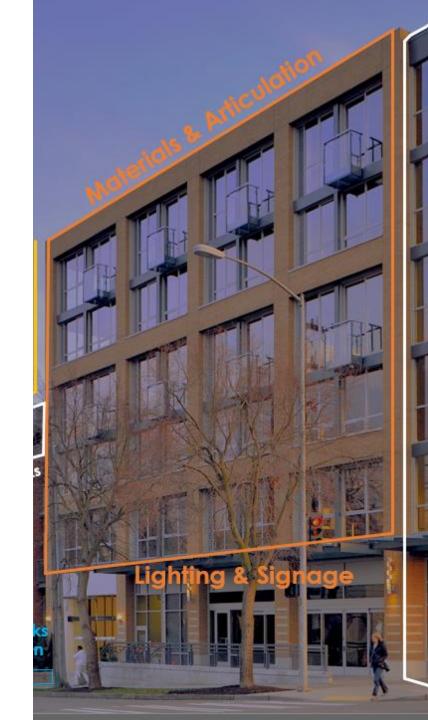
GI	ROUND FLOOR DESIGN AND ENTRANCES		
	Ground Floor Design		
A	Minimum Height	15'	
Э	Facade Transparency	50%	
Э	Max Street Level Facade Width	65'	
	Entrances		
	Location	Required on primary street-facing frontage	
	Entry Transparency	80%	
_			

P	UBLIC REALM	
	Public Realm	
0	Front Setbacks (Min, Max)	0',15'
•	Sidewalk Cafes/ Amenity Zone	min depth 7', up to 10' additional setback allowed
•	Corner Design	300 GSF required within property line at corners where two intersecting streets are a combination of major thoroughfare, main street, or neighborhood mixed use
9	Ground Floor Parking Setback	Average 30', Minimum 20'
9		Average 30', Minimum 20'

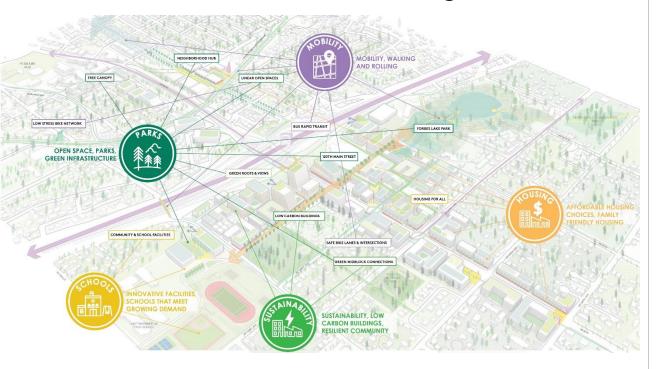
NE 85TH ST FORM-BASED CODE 14 FRONTAGE STANDARDS NE 85TH ST FORM-BASED CODE 15 FRONTAGE STANDARDS

# **Draft Design Guidelines**

- Review by the Design Review Board will be required for new buildings greater than one (1) story in height or greater than 10,000 square feet of gross floor area.
- Site Planning guidelines include:
  - Streetscape
  - Public Spaces (plazas, courtyards, terraces, gardens)
  - Pedestrian Connections & Wayfinding
  - Lighting
  - Screening of Trash & Service Areas
  - Signs
  - Landscaping
- Building Design guidelines include:
  - Orientation to Street
  - Massing/Articulation
  - Parking Garages
  - Blank Wall Treatments
  - High-Quality Design
- Draft also includes specific guidelines by character sub-district



### **Green Innovation & Incentive Zoning**



#### **GREEN INNOVATION**

#### **DEFINITIONS**

Reserved.

#### RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER REGULATIONS

Reserved.

#### **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

- Intent: Green Innovation is intended to ensure that new development is consistent with the vision of the NE 85th Street Station Area Plan Sustainability Framework as well as aligned with the Sustainability Master Plan.
- 2 Requirements: All new developments and major renovations over xx,xxx sf shall acknowledge their review of the NE 85th Street Station Area Plan Sustainability Framework, and identify how the development is aligned with those goals and opportunities. In addition, developments shall be designed, built, and certified to achieve or exceed requirements in three categories: High Performance Buildings; Energy and Decarbonization; and Ecosystems and Green Infrastructure.

#### i. High Performance Buildings:

All new developments and major renovations over xx,xxx sf shall be designed, built, and certified to achieve or exceed the High Performance Building Standards described in KZC 115.62, including:

- 1) Electric Vehicle Infrastructure
- 2) All electric buildings
- 3) Embodied Carbon Assessments and Limits
- 4) Material Diversion
- 5) Water Efficiency

#### 6) Third-party sustainability certifications

- (a) To comply with Third-party sustainability certifications, all new multi-family residential projects over xx,xxx sf or x units shall be designed, built, and certified to achieve either:
- LEED Multi-Family Platinum or
- Built Green 4-star, or
- Passive House v2021

and Salmon Safe Urban Standard.

- (b) To comply with Third-party sustainability certifications, all new commercial projects over xx,xxx sf shall be designed, built, and certified to achieve:
- Either:
- LEED for New Construction Platinum, or
- LEED Core and Shell Gold, or
- Passive House v2021
- and Salmon Safe Urban Standard.

#### ii. Energy and Decarbonization

- (a) All new developments larger than 5,000 sf shall include a renewable energy generation system with production at a rate of 0.60 W/sf of all conditioned area. Renewable energy shall be produced on-site, or off-site including the following compliance options in 2021 Washington State Energy Code section C411.2.1.
- (b) All new developments and major renovations less than twenty stories shall include solar readiness, per 2021 Washington State Energy Code standards, Section C411.3.

#### iii. Ecosystems and Green Infrastructure

(a) All new developments and major renovations shall be designed, built, and certified to achieve or exceed the **Green Factor**.

NE 85TH ST FORM-BASED CODE 43 INNOVATION CODE

FIGURE 17: GREEN FACTOR



LANDSC ARE ELEMENTS

LANDSCAPE QUALITY BENE

**GREEN ROOFS** 

GREEN WALLS

PERMEABLE PAVING

INNOVATION

#### GREEN FACTOR

The Green Factor score shall be calculated as follows:

- 1. Identify all proposed elements in Table A.
- Multiply the square feet, or equivalent unit of measurement where applicable, of each landscape element by the multiplier provided for that element in Table A according to the following provisions:
- a. If multiple elements listed in Table A occupy the same physical area, they may all be counted.
- b. Landscaping elements and other frontage improvements in the right-of-way between the lot line and the roadway may only be counted if the enhancements in the right-of-way contribute to district sustainability goals including habitat connectivity, tree canopy, or stormwater goals and a commitment is made to ongoing maintenance and management of the landscape areas. Subject to approval by the City of Kirkland.
- Unless otherwise noted, elements shall be measured in square feet.
- d. For trees, large and medium shrubs and perennials, use the equivalent square footage of each tree or shrub provided in Table A.
- e. For green wall systems, use the square footage of the portion of the wall that will be covered by vegetation at three years. Green wall systems shall include year-round irrigation and a submitted maintenance plan shall be

included as an element in the calculation for a project's Green Factor Score.

- f. All vegetated structures, including fences counted as vegetated walls shall be constructed of durable materials, provide adequate planting area for plant health, and provide appropriate surfaces or structures that enable plant coverage. Vegetated walls shall include year-round irrigation and a submitted maintenance plan shall be included as an element in the calculation for a project's Green Factor Score.
- g. For all elements other than trees, large shrubs, large perennials, green walls, structural soil systems and soil cell system volume; square footage is determined by the area of the portion of the horizontal plane that lies over or under the element.
- All permeable paving and structural soil credits may not count for more than one-third of a project's Green Factor Score.
- i. An Innovation credit may be awarded at the discretion of the Planning Official. This credit can be awarded if a development seeks to exceed the minimum requirements in supporting larger district sustainability goals. The multiplier may range from 0.2-.5 depending on the development proposal.
- 3. Add together all the products calculated in Table A to determine the Green Factor numerator.
- Divide the Green Factor numerator by the parcel area to determine the Green Factor score. A development shall achieve a minimum score of 0.4.
- The City of Kirkland reviewer has the final authority in determining the accuracy of the calculation of the Green Factor score.

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1. Lo	ındscape Elements			
Α.	Bioretention facilities and/or soil cells	1.5		
B.	*Structural soil systems	0.2		
C.	Landscaped areas with soil depth less than 24"	0.1		
D.	Landscaped areas with soil depth of 24" or more	0.6		
E.	Preservation of existing trees - calculated at 20 sq ft per inch dbh (Trees must have a minimum diameter of 6" at dbh.)	1.0		
F.	Preservation of Landmark Trees bonus - calculated at 20 sq ft per inch dbh (Trees must meet City of Kirkland's definition of Landmark Trees)	0.1		
G.	Preservation of existing evergreen trees bonus - calculated at 20 sq ft per inch dbh (Preserved evergreen trees must have a minimum diameter of 6" at dbh)	0.1		
H.	Ground covers or other low plants (less than or equal to 2' tall at maturity)	0.1		
I.	Medium Shrubs or perennials - calculated at 9 sq ft per plant (2'-4' tall at maturity)	0.3		
J.	Large Shrubs or perennials - calculated at 36 sq ft per plant (greater than 4' tall at maturity)	0.4		
K.	Small Trees or equivalent with calculated soil volume that meets or exceeds 500ft3 per tree - calculated at 90 sq ft per tree (canopy spread 10' to 15' at maturity)	0.3		
L.	Medium Trees or equivalent with calculated soil volume that meets or exceeds 1000 ft3 per tree - calculated at 230 sq ft per tree (canopy spread 16' to 24' at maturity)	0.5		
М.	Large Trees with calculated soil volume that meets or exceeds 1500 ft3 per tree - calculated at 350 sq ft per tree (canopy spread 25' and greater at maturity)	0.7		
2. G	reen Roofs	1		
A.	Area planted with at least 2" of growth medium but less than 4" of soil	0.4		
B.	Area planted with at least 4" but less than 8" of soil	0.7		
C.	Area planted with at least 8" of but less than 30" of soil	1.0		
D.	Area planted with tree(s) and at least 30" of soil	1.5		
3. G	reen Walls	•		
Α.	Façade or wall surface obstructed with vines (calculate at 3 years of growth)	0.1		
B.	Façade or wall surface planted with a green wall system (must have year-round irrigation and maintenance plan)	0.2		
4. Landscape Benefits				
Α.	**Landscaped areas in food cultivation	0.2		
B.	Landscaped areas planted with native or drought tolerant plants	0.1		
C.	Landscaped areas at sidewalk grade where the majority of the area is covered with vegetation that is native or drought tolerant, and/or provides habitat for urban wildlife and pollinators	0.1		
D.	Landscaped areas where at least 50% of annual irrigation needs are met through the use of harvested rainwater	0.2		
E.	***Planting that provides food, forage and refuge for a diversity of species (native insects, pollinators,			
	birds, and other urban wildlife) and/or inclusion of habitat elements such as woody debris, gravel/cobble, nesting materials, etc.			

TABLE A: GREEN FACTOR

5. F	5. Permeable Paving		
A.	Permeable paving over a minimum 6" and less than 24" of soil or gravel	0.2	
B.	Permeable paving over at least 24" of soil or gravel	0.5	

\* Structural soil system means a soil mix or equivalent structure that is engineered to support pavement while allowing healthy root growth.

\*\*Landscape areas in food cultivation are defined as a use in which land is used to grow plants and harvest food or ornamental crops for donation or for use by those cultivating the land and their households. Examples include Pea Patch community gardens.

\*\*\* Refer to the Green Factor Scoresheet Reference Pollinator Plant List tab and City Pollinator Plant List for reference plant species.

#### **INCENTIVE PROGRAM**

#### **PURPOSE**

Reserved.

#### APPLICABILITY AND ELIGIBILITY

Reserved- pending completion of incentive zoning analysis.

#### **INCENTIVE AMENITIES**

Reserved- table below is draft bonusable amenities under study in the incentive zoning analysis.

Incentive Amenity	Bonus Ratio and Design Criteria	
Affordable Housing	, and the second	
Inclusionary Requirement: number of	Bonus Ratio:	
units within development required to	xx	xx
meet definition of affordable per KZC	Inclusionary Tier 1 Design Criteria	Inclusionary Tier 2 Design Criteria
5.10.023.	x% of units (above existing standard)	x% of units (above existing standard)
	in Development must meet definition of affordable in KZC 5.10.023.	in Development must meet definition of affordable in KZC 5.10.023.
Level of Affordability: required level of	Bonus Ratio:	
affordability of units to be included in	xx	xx
required minimum of affordable units	Design Criteria	
within a development.	For renter-occupied units: x% of required affordable units within a development must be reserved for occupancy by eligible households and affordable to households whose household annual income does not exceed 30 percent of the King County median household income, adjusted for household size, as determined by HUD, and no more than 30 percent of the monthly household income is paid for monthly housing expenses (rent and an appropriate utility allowance).	For owner-occupied dwelling units: x% of required affordable units within a development must be reserved for occupancy by eligible households and affordable to households whose household annual income does not exceed 70 percent of the King County median household income, adjusted for household size, as determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), and no more than 30 percent of the monthly household income is paid for monthly housing expenses (mortgage and mortgage insurance, property taxes, property insurance and homeowners' dues).

Bonus Ratio	
xx	
Design Criteria	
Bonus Ratio:	
xx	
Design Criteria	
Mid-block connections available	
for bonus capacity must meet the	
standards referenced in xxx.	
Bonus Ratio:	Bonus Ratio:
	xx
Tier 1 Design Criteria	Tier 2 Design Criteria
	TBD, pending analysis
	Toby perialing analysis
criteria must meet the standards	
referenced in xxx.	
Bonus Ratio:	Bonus Ratio:
xx	xx
Tier 1 Design Criteria	Tier 2 Design Criteria
Provide on-site public space within	TBD, pending analysis
developments; Size and design and	
criteria must meet the standards	
referenced in xxx.	
Bonus Ratio	Bonus Ratio
xx	xx
Tier 1 Design Criteria	Tier 2 Design Criteria
Design, build, and certify to achieve	TBD, pending analysis
Living Building Challenge v4 Carbon	
Certification or Living Building	
Challenge v4 Petal Certification	
	Bonus Ratio:  xx  Design Criteria  Mid-block connections available for bonus capacity must meet the standards referenced in xxx.  Bonus Ratio:  xx  Tier 1 Design Criteria  Provide on-site public space within developments; Size and design and criteria must meet the standards referenced in xxx.  Bonus Ratio:  xx  Tier 1 Design Criteria  Provide on-site public space within developments; Size and design and criteria must meet the standards referenced in xxx.  Bonus Ratio:  xx  Tier 1 Design Criteria  Provide on-site public space within developments; Size and design and criteria must meet the standards referenced in xxx.  Bonus Ratio  xx  Tier 1 Design Criteria  Design, build, and certify to achieve Living Building Challenge v4 Carbon Certification or Living Building

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Ecology and Habitat	Bonus Ratio	Bonus Ratio
Ecology and Habitat		
	XX	XX
	Tier 1 Design Criteria	Tier 2 Design Criteria
	Achieve a Green Factor Score of x -	TBD, pending analysis
	see KZC Chapter XX for details.	
Energy and Decarbonization	Bonus Ratio	Bonus Ratio
	xx	xx
	Tier 1 Design Criteria	Tier 2 Design Criteria
	Provide on-site renewable energy	TBD, pending analysis
	generation at a rate greater than x/	
	sf; or	
	Provide all electric or all renewable	
	energy sources, with no exceptions for	
	combustion; or	
	Contribution to low-carbon systems	
	and shared energy infrastructure,	
	including: x	
SCHOOLS, EDUCATION, AND CHILD	CARE	
ECE/Day Care Operation Space:	Bonus Ratio	
Floor area dedicated to child care, or	xx	
Preschool learning space, as defined	Tier 1 Design Criteria	
in KZC 5.10.194.	Bonusable preschool space must	
	provide a minimum of 4 classrooms,	
	with a minimum of 900 SF per	
	classroom.	
	2. Space shall be used in manner	
	described for the life of the project.	
	3. Documentation of required	
	licensing for day care operation shall	
	be provided.	
	4. Director may approve a buy-out	
	of space originally dedicated to child	
	care/nonprofit space at the prevailing	
	fee-in-lieu rate if applicant shows	
	good faith efforts to locate eligible	
	tenant. If buy-out option is approved,	
	covenant required in number 1 above	
	shall be released.	

School Operation Space: Floor area	Bonus Ratio	
dedicated to school operation as defined in KZC 5.10.825.	xx	
	Design Criteria	
	1. Bonusable school space must	
	provide a minimum of 4 classrooms,	
	with a minimum of 900 SF per	
	classroom.	
	2. Space shall be used in manner	
	described for the life of the project.	
	3. Documentation of required	
	licensing for school operation shall be	
	provided.	
	4. Director may approve a buy-out	
	of space originally dedicated to child	
	care/nonprofit space at the prevailing	
	fee-in-lieu rate if applicant shows	
	good faith efforts to locate eligible	
	tenant. If buy-out option is approved,	
	covenant required in number 1 above	
	shall be released.	

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# Q&A—

# Preliminary Planned Action Ordinance—

## **Planned Action Ordinance**

- Informed by FSEIS
- Includes specific mitigation measures for future development
- Includes submittal requirements for development applications to be reviewed as planned actions – where projects will not exceed thresholds studied in FSEIS
- Adopted by Ordinance (June 2022)

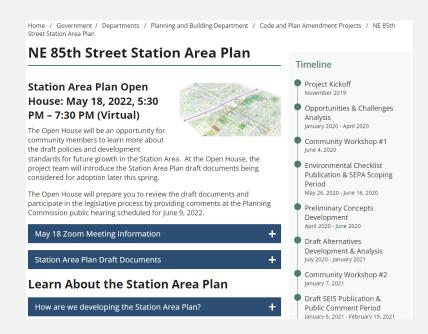
# Kirkland NE 85th St Station Area Plan and Planned Action Final Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement December 2021

Prepared by · BERK Consulting · ECONorthwest · Fehr & Peers · Herrera · Mithun

# Q&A—

## Summary

- Draft documents available at www.kirklandwa.gov/stationareaplan
- Kiosks available at City Hall to read documents
- Final drafts will be published in packet for June 9 hearing
- Visit display at City Hall May 23 June 9
- Contact us with questions!



# Submit written testimony to Planning Commission prior to public hearing:

- Title Email: <u>Public Comment for Station</u>
   <u>Area Hearing</u>
- Email Planning Commission at <u>PlanningCommissioners@kirklandwa.gov</u> or staff at <u>azike@kirklandwa.gov</u>

## **Next Steps**

- Now June 9: Submit written testimony to Planning Commission prior to public hearing
- May 23 June 9: Station Area Display @ City Hall
- June 9, 2022: Planning Commission Public Hearing and Deliberations –
   Recommendation to City Council
- June 2022: City Council Adoption Phase 1
- Summer/Fall 2022: Planning Commission and City Council Study Phase 2
- Ongoing: Naming the Station Area

# Thank you—