### Preferred Plan Direction Update







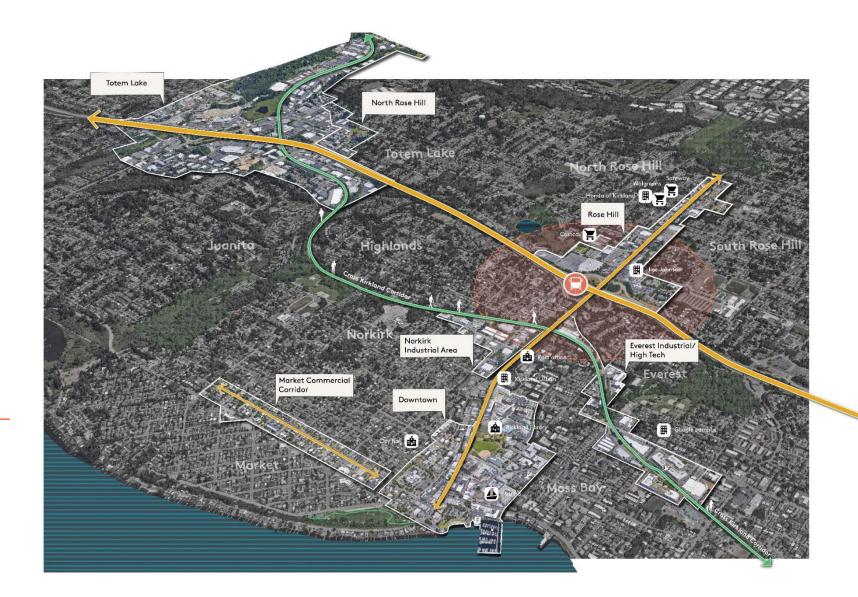


FEHR PEERS



#### NE 85<sup>th</sup> Station Area Plan

City of Kirkland Mithun November 16, 2021



### Tonight's Agenda

**Preferred Direction Summary** 

In-Progress Update: Preferred Plan Direction

- Long Range Vision
- Future Implementation Framework

**Next Steps** 

Discussion!

# Preferred Direction Summary

Transit-Connected Growth: June Alternative B

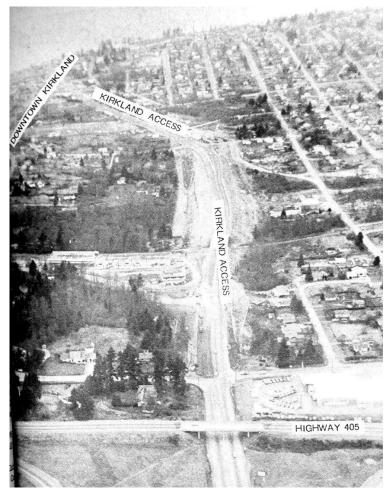
### Why Plan for the NE 85th Station Area?

The Station Area and Rose Hill have always been a crossroads.

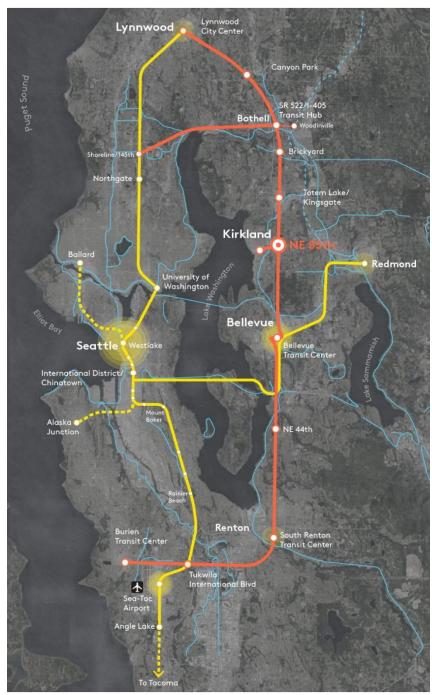
The new WSDOT/Sound Transit Bus Rapid Transit station at I-405 and NE 85<sup>th</sup> will connect Kirkland regionally to light rail at Bellevue, Lynnwood, and to SeaTac with frequent bus service every 10-15 minutes.

The Station Area Plan was directed by the City Council in 2019 to leverage this once in a generation regional BRT transit investment and proactively plan for potential growth over the next 20+ years (adopted resolution R-5356).

The Plan goals build on the 2035 Comprehensive Plan; the Highlands, Everest, Norkirk, Moss Bay, and Rose Hill Neighborhood Plans; and the Sustainability Master Plan. It includes Housing Action Planning supported by HB 1923 and will result in a supplemental EIS to the Comprehensive Plan.







#### The Vision

The City's Objective
Leverage the BRT station regional transit investment.

Maximize transit-oriented development and create the most...

- Opportunity and Inclusion,
- Value for the City,
- Community Benefits, including affordable housing, and
- Quality of life.















#### City Council direction from October 26 Study Session and future action for December 14

1. Should staff and the consulting team focus on drafting a Preferred Plan Direction around June Alternative B, or a modified alternative?

Yes, the staff and consulting team should focus on drafting a Preferred Plan Direction around June Alternative B, Transit-Connected Growth.

2. Should the proposed solutions to capital funding for future infrastructure projects continue to be developed?

Yes.

3. Should staff continue to refine the proposed community benefits strategies for consideration in the final plan?

Yes.

#### **Additional Council Direction**

- 1. Develop a bolder vision for open space, parks and green infrastructure
- 2. Develop a bolder vision for active transportation
- 3. Incorporate sustainability measures as a baseline requirement
- 4. Continue working on resolving transitions between areas of different height
- 5. Continue coordinating with LWSD on expanding future school capacity to accommodate growth
- 6. Provide additional transportation study including bike and pedestrian person trips and corridor analysis for transit capacity and travel time

#### Key Issues we have heard about the plan













AFFORDABLE HOUSING, **JOBS & WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT** 

**SCHOOLS** 

OPEN SPACE, PARKS, **GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE** 

MOBILITY, TRAFFIC, PARKING, WALKING, **ROLLING** 

SUSTAINABILITY, CLIMATE ACTION, RESILIENCE

AMOUNT AND TYPE OF GROWTH, EXPERIENCE, **TRANSITIONS** 















# Transit-Connected Growth (June Alternative B) Summary Growth and Community Benefits

#### **Growth Expectations for Preferred Plan Direction**

	June Alternative B	
Households	8,152	
Employment	22,751	

Over the 23-year planning horizon, the Preferred Plan Direction would support a maximum of:

- 8,152 total households (6,243 above existing)
- 22,751 total jobs (17,763 above existing)

Based on the City's existing Inclusionary Zoning requirement for affordable housing, that maximum development potential would result in:

- 624 total affordable homes, or 10% of new potential households
- Other affordable housing measures will be considered

#### Community Benefits for Preferred Plan Direction



#### **Community Benefits Policy Framework**

#### **Parks**

- Consider offsetting deficit with a portion of general government operating surplus
- LOS policy change appropriate for urban centers, coordinate with PROS plan
- For larger Community Parks:
  - Tax Increment Financing (TIF) strategy
  - Leverage existing public assets and partnerships for shared use agreements
- For Neighborhood, small scale and linear parks:
  - Multi-benefit TIF project for NE
     120th including a linear park
  - Development requirements/bonuses
  - Creative adaptation of existing assets like Forbes Lake, the future interchange surplus right of way, and existing right of way

#### Affordable housing

- Pursue a commercial linkage program
- Allocate a portion of the Linkage Fees toward a workforce development program

#### Mobility

- Develop a TIF strategy, prioritizing multi-benefit project opportunities where infrastructure needs overlap
- Development requirements/bonuses: mobility and parking programs and policies

#### Sustainability

- Development requirements/bonuses
- Explore partnerships around sustainability, climate action, health and well-being initiatives

#### Schools

Support LWSD and the community need for childcare and early education with:

- Development requirements/bonuses for integrated educational or childcare space
- Explore partnership opportunities such as Joint/Shared Use Agreements
- Policy changes to define active frontages to include uses for schools, childcare, or other communityserving uses
- Increase allowed development capacity on existing underutilized public parcels

### What's the Preferred Plan Direction?

## Long Range Vision

Growth Expectations
Community Benefits Framework and Strategies
Conceptual Long-Range Vision Graphic
Character Subareas
Vision Opportunities: Parks/Open Space, Active Transportation

## Future Implementation Framework

Future Regulating Districts Map and Table, incl. heights, uses, parking, approach to transitions, and what the final Frontages Table will include Future Street Types Map and Table

# In-Progress Update Long Range Vision

#### **Station Area Character**

Rose Hill's moraines and kettle lake typify the glacial geology of the eastside creating a complex topography of rolling hills in Forbes Creek watershed

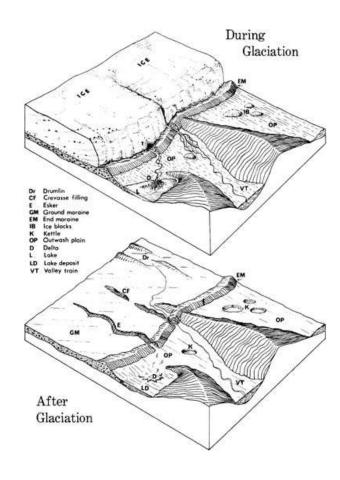




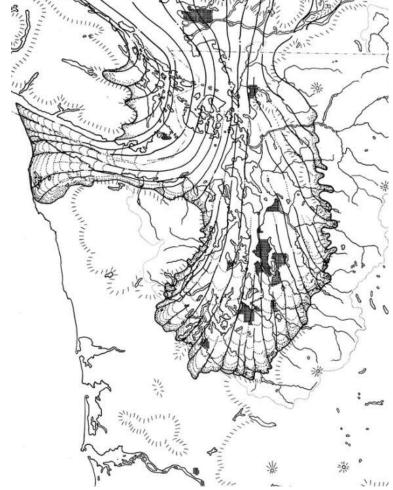










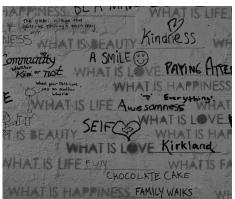


Puget Lobe Extents, Source: Hidden Hydrology, King J, graphic source from Kruckenberg, 1991

#### **Station Area Character**



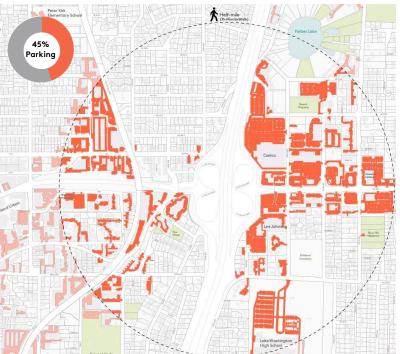


















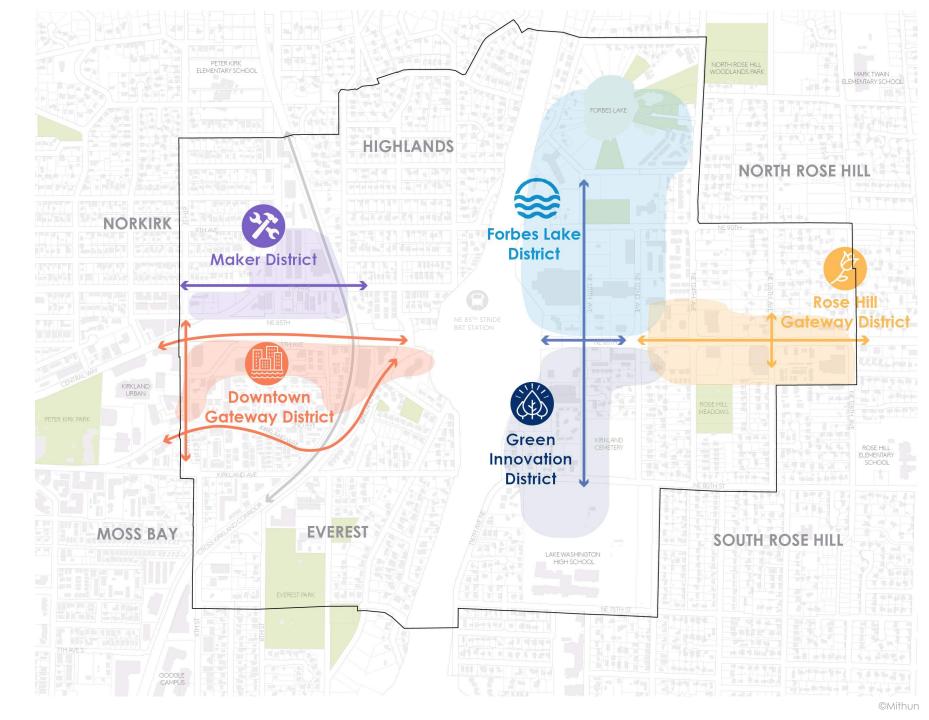
#### Plan Direction Update Long Range Vision

**District Character SubAreas** 

#### The Vision

Compact, transit-oriented growth around the new regional BRT and trail connections is a chance to grow smart, increase access to opportunity, and benefit the station area and Kirkland as a whole.

The vibrant, mixed-use environment is a model of innovation. With an outstanding quality of life and unmatched mobility choices, the Station Area is eco-friendly, a place to connect, and deeply rooted in the history of the land, the people, and the culture of this special crossroads in Kirkland. The highly visible integration of ecological systems within an urban setting set the Station Area apart while tying the unique sub-area districts together with existing open space and community health goals.



# Maker District

Pedestrian oriented district building on Norkirk's character and excellent CKC trail connections. 7<sup>th</sup> becomes a lively connection between the BRT drop off and old downtown. The traditional mixed industrial/commercial character of the area is recognized while encouraging more urban uses supporting "maker" activities, locally-owned small businesses.

#### **Today**

















#### **Downtown Gateway District**

Gateway district to Downtown Kirkland via 6th St that emphasizes mid-rise residential and office along 6th and important bicycle and pedestrian connections along green pathways to and from the station and the Cross Kirkland Corridor.

#### <u>Today</u>















# Forbes Lake District

A walkable mixed-use district with opportunities for shops and office uses as well as mid-rise residential uses, organized around a green main street corridor with retail and active uses combined with small open spaces on 120th that connects to Forbes Lake. Biophilic design and visible water, energy, and biodiversity strategies tell the story this place.

#### **Today**





















#### **Green Innovation District**

This vibrant, mixed use district is a model of innovation and place for community, students, and the workforce to connect. It transitions from shops and office uses to townhouses, small apartment buildings, and civic uses. Active transportation choices, connections to green space, and walkable South 120<sup>th</sup> offer a healthy lifestyle. Views abound.



















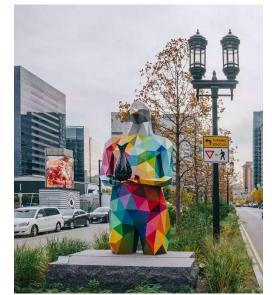




#### **Rose Hill Gateway District**

Corridor-based gateway with a mix of active ground floors and mid-rise residential along NE 85<sup>th</sup> that focuses on creating a strong sense of arrival from Redmond with streetscape design, public art, and urban design features.

#### **Future Vision**











#### <u>Today</u>



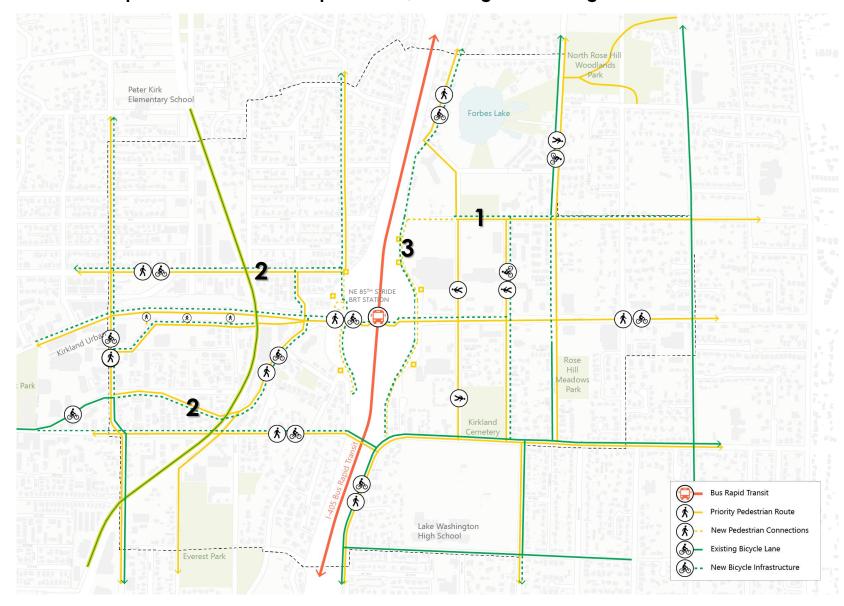






#### **Transit-Connected Growth: June Alternative B**

#### Alt B Components: Active Transportation, Walking and Rolling



#### 1 Grade Separated Bike Lanes on 90th



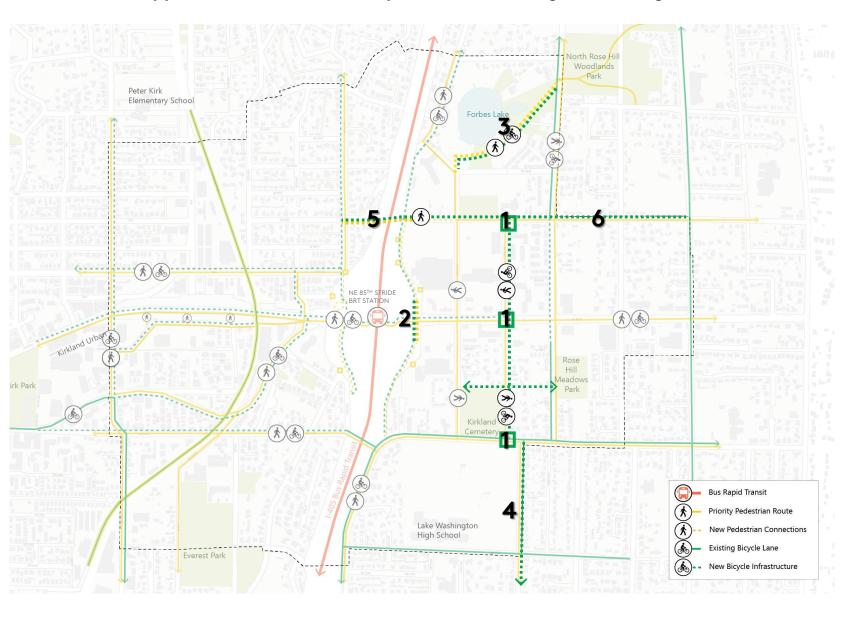
2 Buffered bike lanes on 7th Ave & Kirkland Way



3 N-S connector trail on east side of I-405



#### Bold Vision Opportunities: Active Transportation, Walking and Rolling



#### 1 Consistent bike lane protection at intersections



2 Iconic ped/bike crossing of NE 85<sup>th</sup> St



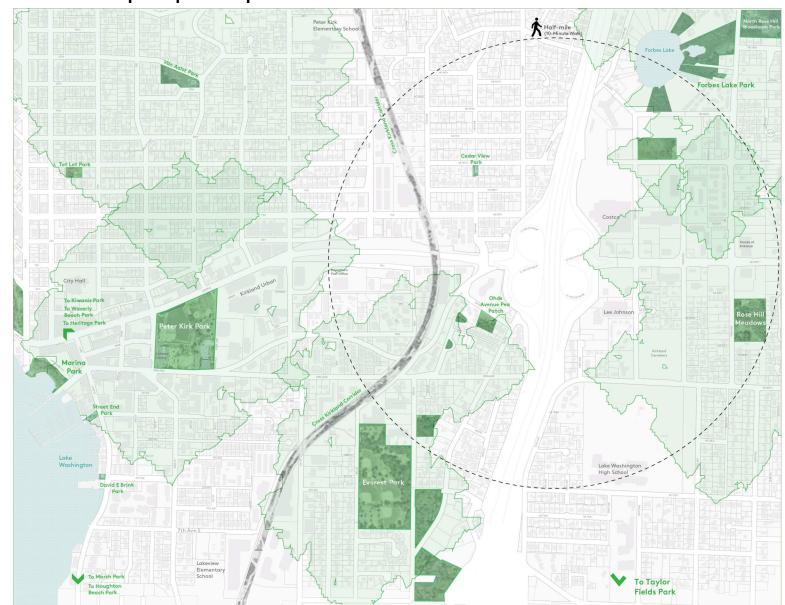
**3** Boardwalk and bicycle connection through Forbes Lake from 120<sup>th</sup> to 124<sup>th</sup> Ave



**4** Connect to Taylor Fields along 122<sup>nd</sup> Ave

- **5 NE** 90<sup>th</sup> bike/ped bridge over I-405
- 6 Separated bike path on NE 90th

Parks and Open Space: Equitable Access



#### Bold Vision Opportunities: Parks, Open Space, and Green Infrastructure





**Expand access and open space near Forbes Lake** to provide open space, boardwalk connections, wetland enhancement, and water quality benefits



**Green Connections to Parks and Schools** with paths and streets to Rose Hill Meadows Park and other open spaces





CKC enhancements and linear parks could coordinate with NE 85<sup>th</sup> St widening to add covered recreational opportunities



**Tree canopy could** increase ecosystem services and green infrastructure such as at WSDOT excess ROW





Multi-benefit Streetscape improvements could include raingardens at intersections to improve water quality for salmon health

# In-Progress Update Future Implementation Framework

Future Regulating Plan Future Street Types Transitions Approach

#### **Future Implementation Framework**

#### Foundation for Form Based Code and zoning

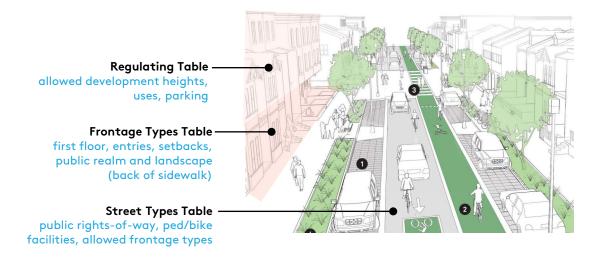


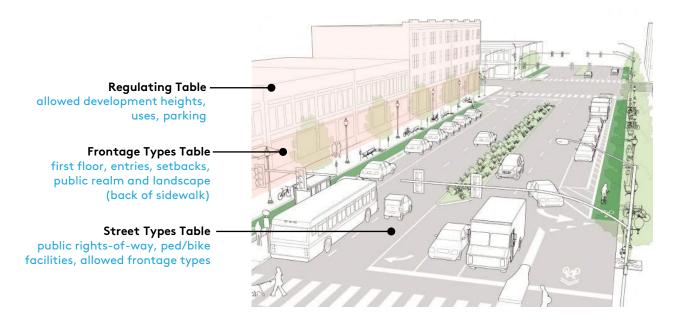
Future Regulating Districts Map +
Future Street Frontage Framework Map



#### **Future Form Based Code Elements**

- Regulating Table
- Street Types Table
- Frontage Types Table
- Area-wide Standards





### Future Regulating Districts Map describes allowed max. heights, uses

#### **Urban Flex District**

Encourage uses consistent with light industrial history of the area compatible with walkable urban neighborhood. Allow for upper-story residential, light manufacturing, commercial, retail, and civic/institutional uses. Max heights set at 45'.

#### **Commercial Mixed Use**

Encourage uses consistent with large scale commercial and office development. Allow for office, commercial, retail, and civic/institutional uses. Max heights range from 60' west of I-405 to 250' east of I-405.

#### **Neighborhood Mixed Use**

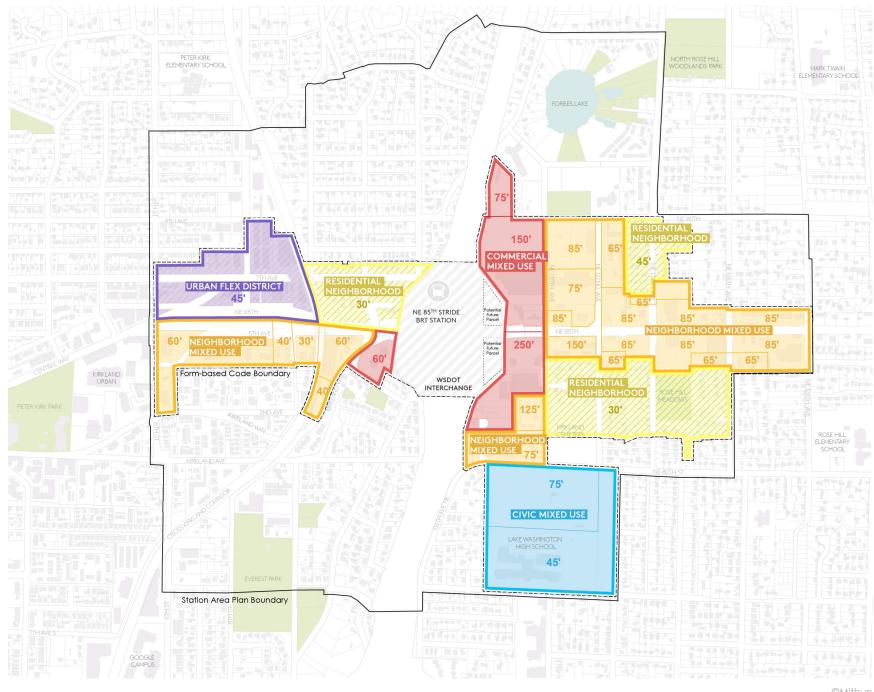
Encourage uses consistent with mid-rise urban residential neighborhood. Allow for residential, office, commercial, retail, and civic/institutional uses. Max heights range from 40-60' west of I-405 to 65-150' east of I-405.

#### **Residential Neighborhood**

Encourage uses consistent with residential neighborhood that transitions to existing lower density residential areas. Allow for smaller scale residential and retail, including "missing middle" housing types. Max heights of 30-45'.

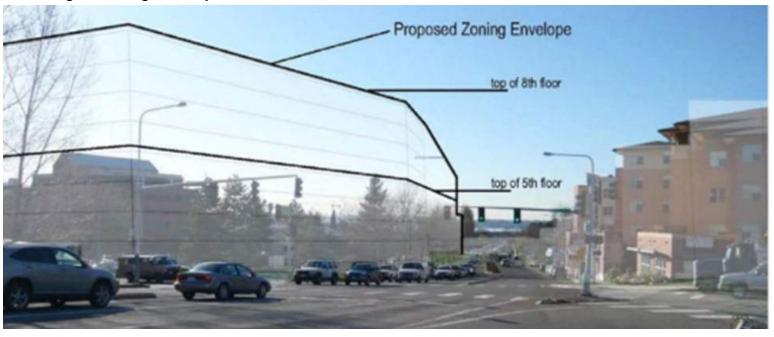
#### **Civic Mixed Use**

Encourage uses consistent with civic functions including education facilities, while preserving flexibility for additional uses in the future. Allow for educational, residential, and retail uses. Max heights range from 45-75'.



Regulating Plan
Comparing Max Height Zoning
Envelope to Built Result

#### Max Height Zoning Envelope



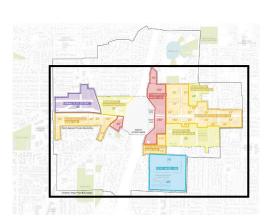
Built Result After Transitions, Setbacks, and other Controls

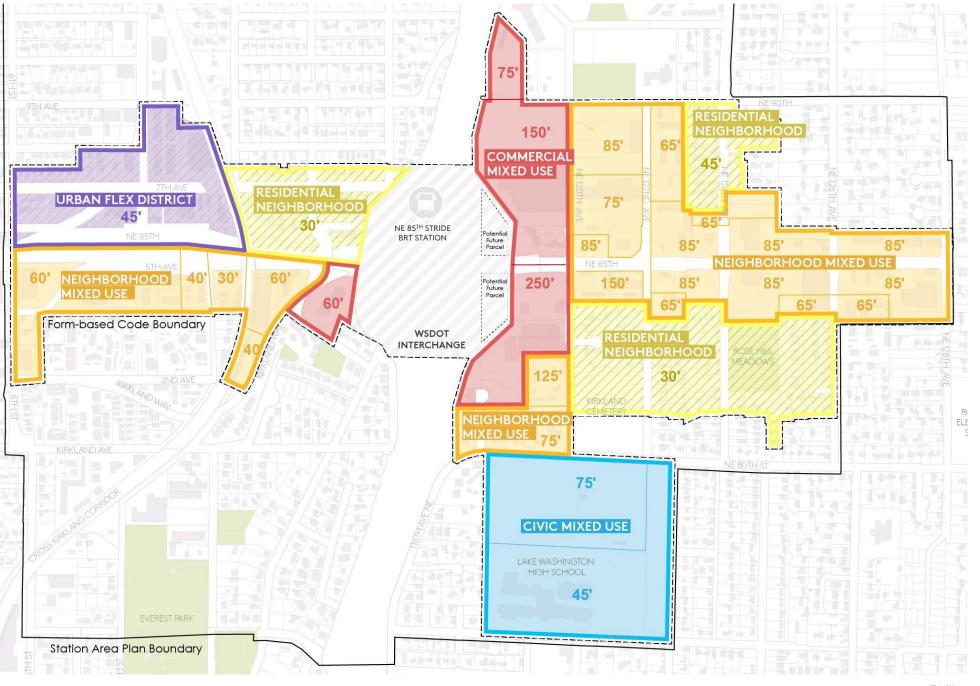


#### Future Regulating Districts Map Areas of Change

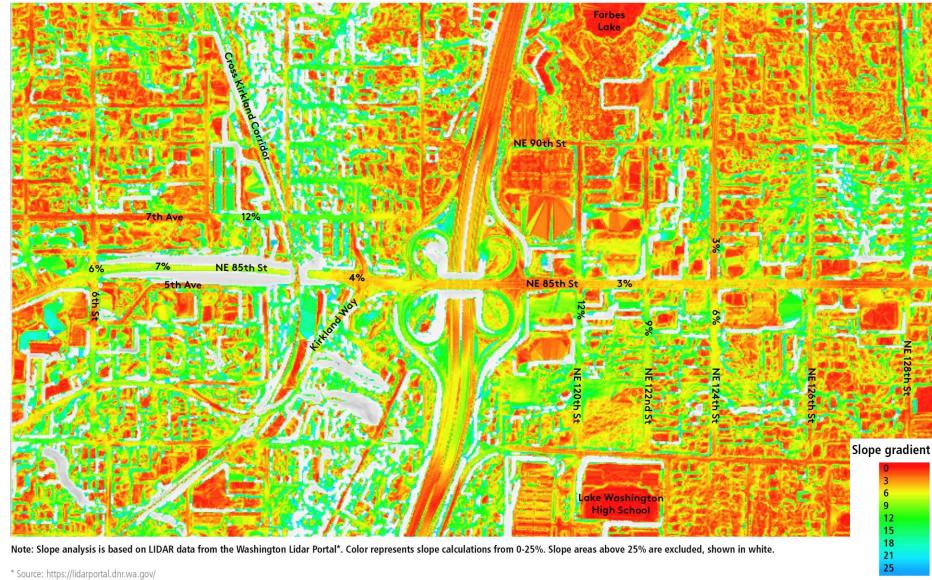
Transitions are being addressed in multiple ways:

- Stepping down allowed maximum heights in the regulating plan
- Understanding station area topography and allowable height calculations relative to grade planes
- Identifying a range of transition control strategies that would be required in specific locations





#### **Height and Transition Strategies**



#### **Height and Transition Strategies**



**Height and Transition Strategies** 



#### **Transition Control Strategies**



**Ground Level Set Backs** 





**Upper Level Step Backs** 





Floorplate limits (reduces bulk and visual impact)





Landscape Buffers

**Street Types:** describe public rights-of-way, ped/bike facilities, allowed frontage types

#### **Major Thoroughfare**



Streets that connect neighborhood centers or run through central commercial corridors. Many of these streets have significant traffic volumes at peak hours are key places for high capacity transit routes and separated bike facilities.

#### **Main Street**



Primary corridors for ground-floor retail, often with generous public realm design. They are high pedestrian volume streets that balance that pedestrian activity with auto, bike, and transit needs.

#### **Neighborhood Mixed Use**



Neighborhood streets with low to midintensity commercial and midrise residential and occasional ground floor retail. Generally lower vehicular traffic volume than major thoroughfares.

#### Neighborhood Resi. Street



Residential-focused streets with low vehicular traffic volumes, which can accommodate shared bike facilities.

#### **Green Midblock Connection**



Generously landscaped mid-block connections within larger commercial or residential developments. Does not include public ROW improvements to "green" an existing street.

Note: adjacent uses shown will be updated to reflect description below

#### **Kirkland Example**



Central Way/NE 85th



Kirkland Ave



6<sup>th</sup> St



122<sup>nd</sup> Ave NE



Kirkland Urban

#### **Next Steps for December 2021**

#### Preferred Plan Direction and Final Supplemental EIS

#### What will the Preferred Plan Direction include?

- Growth Expectations
- Community Benefits Policy Framework
- Long Range Conceptual Graphic
- Vision Opportunities for Parks/Open Space and Active Transportation
- Future Regulating Plan Map and Table, incl. transition approach
- Future Street Types Map and Tables

#### What will the Final Supplemental EIS (FSEIS) include?

- DSEIS Comment responses
- Relevant sections of Fiscal Impact and Community Benefits Supplemental Study incorporated, with any updated analysis and mitigation
- Update Section 3 Alternatives with Preferred Plan Direction content

#### What are critical path items to issue FSEIS by end of year?

- · Council and Planning Commission feedback on Preferred Direction progress tonight
  - Confirm Growth Expectations
  - Confirm Community Benefits Policy Framework
  - Future Regulating Plan and Table, Streets Typologies
- Adopt a resolution to confirm the Preferred Plan Direction at December 14th Council meeting for inclusion in FSEIS
  - A Preferred Alternative is not a SEPA requirement; however, it is ideal to identify

#### **Key Issues**











AFFORDABLE HOUSING, JOBS & WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

**SCHOOLS** 

OPEN SPACE, PARKS, GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE

MOBILITY, TRAFFIC, PARKING, WALKING, ROLLING

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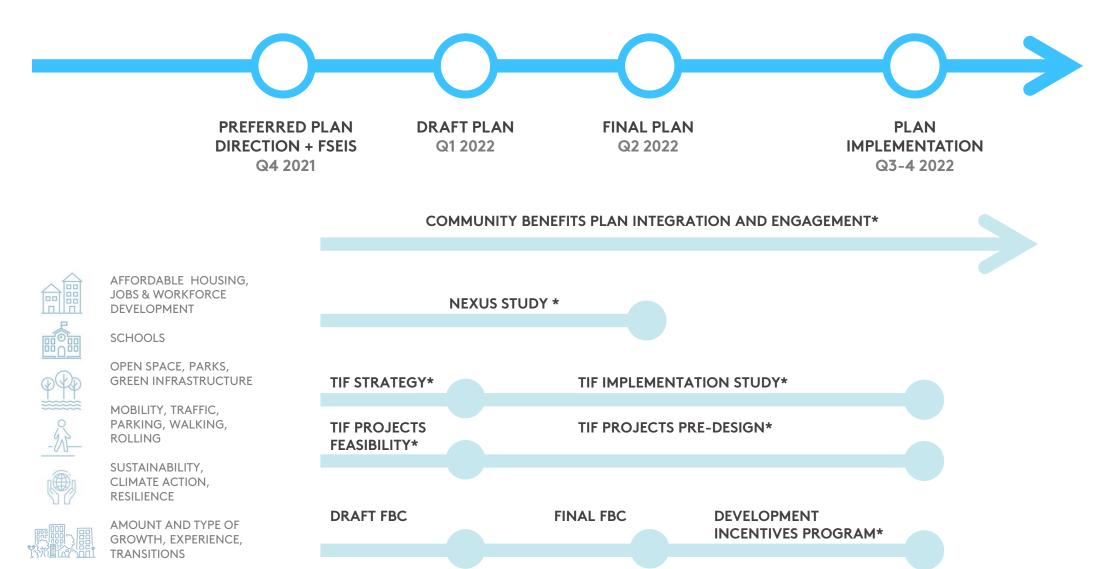








#### Key Issues and Decisions



\*Pending Additional Scope

#### Key Issues and Decisions

Key Issue	Needed Study and Work	Next Decision(s) for Council	Timing for Final Plan/Decision
Affordable Housing, Jobs &	Nexus study* anticipated by Q2	Feedback on Draft Form-based	Final Plan-Q2 2022#
Workforce Development	2022; Partnerships Opportunity	Code/Draft Plan (Feb/Mar	
·	Inventory and Stakeholder	2022)	
	coordination		
Traffic/Parking	TIF Strategy study* and TIF	Feedback on initial TIF Project	Final Plan-June 2022#, TIF
	Project Feasibility* anticipated by Q1 2022.	draft concepts* and Draft Plan (Feb/Mar 2022)	Implementation Study-Q3 2022
Mobility: Walking & Rolling	TIF Strategy study* anticipated	Feedback on initial TIF Project	Final Plan and Form-based Code-
	by Q1 2022; Partnerships	draft concepts* and Draft Plan	June 2022#, TIF Implementation
	Opportunity Inventory and	(Feb/Mar 2022)	Study-Q3 2022
	Stakeholder coordination		
Parks/Green	TIF Strategy study* and TIF	Feedback on initial TIF Project	Final Plan and Form-based Code-
Infrastructure/Open Space	Project Feasibility* anticipated	draft concepts* and Draft Plan	June 2022#, TIF Implementation
	by Q1 2022.	(Feb/Mar 2022)	Study-Q3 2022
Sustainability	Partnerships Opportunity	Feedback on Draft Form-based	Final Plan and Form-based Code-
	Inventory and Stakeholder	Code/Draft Plan (Feb/Mar	June 2022#
	coordination	2022)	
Schools	Partnerships Opportunity	Feedback on Draft Form-based	Final Plan-June 2022#
	Inventory and Stakeholder	Code/Draft Plan (Feb/Mar	
	coordination	2022)	
Amount & Type of Growth		Resolution to adopt Preferred	Final Plan and Form-based Code-
		Plan Direction (December 2021)	June 2022
Experience, Look & Feel,		Feedback on Draft Form-based	Final Plan and Form-based Code-
Transitions		Code (Feb/Mar 2022)	June 2022

<sup>\*</sup>Pending additional scope

<sup>\*</sup>Could be further refined based on Development Incentive Program\* anticipated by Q3 2022.