

MEMORANDUM

To: Houghton Community Council

From: Sean LeRoy, Planner

Adam Weinstein, AICP, Planning and Building Director

Date: August 13, 2019

Subject: Missing Middle Housing (MMH)

Kirkland Zoning Code (KZC) 113 – Cottage, Carriage and Two-/Three-Unit Homes

and Miscellaneous Zoning Code Amendments in Zones Requiring Density

Minimums Code Amendments, File Number CAM19-00152

Staff Recommendation

Receive staff briefing on a final consolidated list of MMH zoning concepts that have been refined based on feedback from the Planning Commission at the August 8 meeting (and earlier feedback from the Houghton Community Council). Provide staff with additional feedback on the zoning concepts prior to a public hearing to be held in the Fall with the Planning Commission.

Background

Pursuant to the 2019-21 Planning Work Program, staff has drafted a proposal to amend Chapter 113 of the Kirkland Zoning Code in order to further incentivize construction of MMH by reducing regulatory barriers. An increase in MMH housing will provide more variety in housing choice and stock, in addition to more affordable options for those individuals and households looking to buy or rent in the City.

Planning Commission Meeting

Staff presented a consolidated list of MMH zoning concepts to the Planning Commission on August 8, 2019 (see Tables 1 to 5 below) and provided a summary of the July 22, 2019 Houghton Community Council meeting.

At the August 8 meeting two members of the public addressed the Planning Commission, expressing support for the "bolder" approach to MMH zoning concepts. A request was also made that the Commission consider including fourplexes in the proposed zoning concepts. After considering the request, the Planning Commission stated that consideration of expanding MMH zoning concepts to include fourplexes should occur at a later time. Finally, after staff's presentation, the Planning Commission agreed to a joint public hearing with the Houghton Community Council.

MMH Incentives and High Frequency Transit Services

In recent discussions, members of the City Council have expressed an interest in incentivizing more MMH/ADU density in areas well-served by transit/transportation infrastructure. Staff is recommending reducing the parking requirement to one (1) parking space for MMH projects within ½ mile of high-frequency transit service (i.e., 15-minute headways during commute hours). Another way that the MMH (and ADU) projects may address the link between land use and transportation is to modestly increase densities in primarily single-family neighborhoods to support new transit service in the future, along with local-serving commercial uses (supporting the City's goal of "10-minute neighborhoods"). Further options for incentivizing MMH (and ADU) development near transportation facilities (not all of which are part of the proposed package of code amendments) include:

- Granting a Floor Area Ratio (FAR) bonus for construction of ADUs or MMH
- Allowing two (2) ADUs per lot
- Eliminating parking requirements
- For future potential transit build out and use, treating the Cross Kirkland Corridor similar to high-capacity transit for the purposes of ascertaining parking requirements

MMH Zoning Concepts

The following tables represent a final consolidated list of recommended amendments, based on staff's research and analysis, input from the Planning Commission and Houghton Community Council, and various interactions with public and private stakeholders over the last several months. Staff's recommendations are highlighted.

Table 1: Concept Amendments to KZC 113

Topic	Cottage	Carriage	Two/Three- Unit Home	Proposed Amendment	Bolder Option	Staff Notes
Applicable Use Zones	chapter may following lov RSA 6, RS 7	The housing types described in this chapter may be used only in the following low-density zones: RSA 4, RSA 6, RS 7.2, RSX 7.2, RS 8.5, RSX 8.5, RS 12.5 and RSX 12.5		Allow in all low-density zones	NA	
Max Unit Size	1,500 square feet	800 square feet	1,000 square feet average unit size Structure total: Two-Unit: 2,000 sf; Three-Unit: 3,000 sf	Eliminate maximum unit size provisions for two- /three-unit homes. Allow maximum sizes of two- /three-unit homes to be dictated by underlying floor area ratio (FAR) maximum	Same as Initial Staff Option, but increase maximum size of Cottage to 1,700 square feet (not to include attached ADUs)	FAR will serve to "control" massing; reduces duplicate restraints and allows for more functional housing unit sizes

Торіс	Cottage	Carriage	Two/Three- Unit Home	Proposed Amendment	Bolder Option	Staff Notes
Density	2 times the detached dy the underlyi	welling units	number of	Retain existing provisions	NA	No density amendment is warranted in order to preserve compatibility with single-family neighborhoods. Also, in response to an earlier question: for the purposes of calculating allowed density, lot size is the size of the subject property minus the area of vehicular access easements or tracts serving more than one lot not abutting a right-of-way.
Max Floor Area Ratio (FAR)	0.35			Allow the same FAR as would apply to a single-family house built on property	NA	Increasing the FAR to match that allowed for single-family development will provide further incentive to build MMH developments
Development Size	For cottages: Min. 4 units Max. 24 units Maximum cluster: 12 units	Allowed when included in a cottage project	Must be limited to either one (1) two-unit home or one (1) three-unit home, or be part of a cottage development, unless approved through Process IIA, Chapter 150 KZC	Reduce to 2 units and keep the maximum	NA	Would not affect two-/three-home projects, but provides the potential to construct a cottage development on smaller lots
Review	Process I	Allowed	Single two-	Retain	Process Cottage and	Removing the

Topic	Cottage	Carriage	Two/Three- Unit Home	Proposed Amendment	Bolder Option	Staff Notes
Location	(Planning Director decision, appealable to the Hearing Examiner)	when included in a cottage project	unit home or single three-unit home: Process I Development containing more than one two-unit or one three-unit home (other than cottage project): Process IIA (Hearing Examiner, appealable to the City Council)	existing provisions	Two-/Three-unit homes through the same review process as a single-family residence	requirement for zoning permit approval would allow for a more streamlined and expeditious approval, similar to a single-family residence
	carriage and homes may than the dis another dev the provisio Ordinance 3 - Innovative 1 to 9 Units 10 - 19 Uni	oments containing cottage, e and/or two-/three-unit may not be located closer e distance noted below to development approved under visions of KZC 113 or under loce 3856 (Interim Regulations ative Housing Demonstration): Units: 1,000' Units: 1,500'		location requirements (i.e., restrictions on proximity to another similar housing type)		identify adverse impacts associated with clusters of MMH
Minimum Lot Size	no required created throprocess. (The units on the	minimum lough the sul ne number of subject pro by the dens	of allowed	Retain existing provisions	NA	Limited/regulated by density (see above)

Topic	Cottage	Carriage	Two/Three- Unit Home	Proposed Amendment	Bolder Option	Staff Notes
Parking Requirements	Units under per unit Units betwee feet: 1.5 sp Units over 1 spaces per in Must be property.	een 700 – 1, aces per un 1,000 square unit.	feet: 1 space 000 square it e feet: 2	Reduce parking requirement to 1 space/unit if unit is located within ¼ mile of transit service with 15-minute headways during commute hours	Reduce parking requirement to 1 space per unit within 1/2 mile of transit service with 15-minute headways during commute hours For units more than 1/2 mile away from transit service with 15-minute headways during commute hours: Units 1,000 square feet or less = 1 space per unit Units over 1,000 square feet = 1.5 spaces per unit See KZC 105.20 for visitor parking ADUs associated with MMH developments shall comply with the parking requirements stipulated in KZC 115.07	Reduced parking requirements would reduce the costs of new MMH development by reducing the need to acquire land solely to meet parking requirements, and reducing the costs of stormwater infrastructure. In addition, reduced parking requirements would also help MMH projects look more like single-family developments. Although staff believes that the development of new MMH with reduced parking requirements would incrementally increase demand for on-street parking, Transportation Division staff indicate that this incremental increase in demand would not result in adverse impacts to the overall street parking supply, as MMH projects are expected to be dispersed throughout neighborhoods.

Topic	Cottage	Carriage	Two/Three- Unit Home	Proposed Amendment	Bolder Option	Staff Notes
Minimum Required Yards (from exterior property lines of subject property)	Front: 20' Other: 10'	Must be included in a cottage project	Front: 20' Other: 10'	Revise to: Front: 20' Rear: 10' Side: 5'	NA	This would provide more development flexibility; already allowed in some residential zones (w/ larger structures)
Lot coverage (all impervious surfaces)	50%	Must be included in a cottage project	50%	Retain existing provisions	NA	Staff does not see a compelling reason at this point to change this regulation
Height – Primary Structure	Zones) max minimum ro parts of the	imum above oof slope of roof above		RS zones – 25' RSA and RSX – 30'	NA	Raising the height allowance in the RSA and RSX districts would match current allowances for single-family residences
Height – Accessory Structures	One (1) sto above ABE	ry, not to ex	kceed 18'	Retain existing provisions	NA	
Tree Retention	The tree ret contained ir developmer chapter	n KZC 95.30	apply to	Retain existing provisions	NA	
Common Open Space	cnapter 400 square feet per unit. Private open space is also encouraged (see KZC 113.35) Community buildings are encouraged.		Retain existing provisions	300 square feet per unit for Cottage developments of 5 or more units and not required for duplexes Can be reduced to 200 feet per unit if a permanent recreational/communal feature, such as cooking facilities, play equipment or permanent outdoor furniture, is provided	Provides more land area for parking and/or structures, while allowing for community and common use	
Community Buildings	See KZC 11 regulations	3.30 for fur	ther	Retain existing provisions	NA	
Attached Covered Porches	Each unit m with a minir feet per uni	mum area o	•	Retain existing provisions	NA	

Topic	Cottage	Carriage	Two/Three- Unit Home	Proposed Amendment	Bolder Option	Staff Notes
	dimension o	of 7' on all s	ides.			
Development Options	Subdivision, Condominium, Rental or Ownership		Retain existing provisions	NA		
Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs)	Not permitte carriage or developmer	two/three-u		Allow attached ADUs	NA	

Table 2: Other KZC 113 Proposed Amendments

Topic	Initial Staff Option	Bolder Option	Staff Notes
Prohibition in Houghton of stand- alone two/three-unit homes	Remove prohibition on stand- alone two/three-unit homes within Houghton	NA	Houghton Community Council has not yet voted to recommend this concept proposal
Limitations on single-family zones	Allow in all single-family zones; allow cottage developments in RSX 35, RS 35 and PLA 16 zones	NA	Maintain paddock requirements

Table 3: Design Guidelines: Cottage Developments

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Topic	Existing	Initial Staff Option	Staff Notes
Building Orientation	Oriented to promote a sense of community Where feasible, each dwelling unit that abuts a common open space shall have a primary entry and/or covered entry	Retain existing provisions	
	porch, oriented to the common open space Each dwelling unit abutting a public right-of-way shall have an inviting facade		
Required Common Open Space	Required Common Open Space: Provide a sense of openness and visual relief, being centrally located with prescribed	300 feet per unit for Cottage developments of 5 or more units and not required for duplexes	

Topic	Existing	Initial Staff Option	Staff Notes
	dimensions	Required open space may be reduced to 200 feet per unit if a permanent recreational/communal feature is provided	
Shared Detached Garages	Parking clusters must be separated by a distance of at least 20 feet	Surface parking clusters must be separated by a distance of at least 10 feet (113.35.5)	Reduces amount of subject property dedicated to parking area
Low Impact Development	Must employ LID strategies (techniques that mimic natural watershed hydrology)	MMH developments shall comply with current King County Surface Water Design Manual (SWDM; 2016); LID techniques shall be employed if feasible	SWDM (2016) requires LID techniques if feasible
Variation in Unit Sizes, Building and Site Design	Cottage projects should establish building and site design that promotes variety and visual interest, compatible with the character of the surrounding neighborhood	NA	Retain current guidelines

Table 4: Design Guidelines: Two-/Three-Unit Homes

Table 4: Design Guidelines: Two-/Three-Unit Homes							
Topic	Existing	Initial Staff Option	Revised Staff Option				
	Two and three-unit homes should be consistent in height, bulk, scale and style with surrounding single-family residential uses						
Entries and materials	Maintain the traditional character of detached single-family dwelling units by using elements such as the appearance of single points of entry addressing the street, pitched roofs, substantial trim around windows, porches and chimneys	To maintain and reflect the traditional character of single-family dwelling units, projects shall include at least two of the following design elements: Covered entry porch;	To maintain and reflect the traditional character of single-family dwelling units, projects shall include the following design elements: • Façade modulation; • Entry features are dominant elements facing the street; and • Utilize a variety of high-				

Topic	Existing	Initial Staff Option	Revised Staff Option
		 Peaked roof with a minimum pitch of 3:12; Façade modulation; Entry features and front doors should be dominant elements facing the street Provide second story step back or modulation Utilize a variety of materials with decorative or textural qualities Provide trimming around windows Divided window panes 	quality materials reflected in the surrounding neighborhood In addition to the three (3) required design elements, applicants shall integrate two (2) other design options from the following list: • Architectural articulation in walls and roofs; • Covered entry porch (not permitted to extend into the required front yard within Houghton; • Second story step back or modulation; • Minimize the appearance of garages on the front façade with: -Windows so that garage appears to be habitable space -Vegetation -Recessing garages from the remainder of the façade; and • Roof forms compatible with surrounding single-family residences
Low Impact Development	Must employ LID strategies (techniques that mimic natural watershed hydrology)	MMH developments shall comply with current King County Design Manual (2016); LID techniques shall be employed if feasible	SWDM 2016 requires LID techniques if feasible
Shared Detached Garages and Surface Parking Design	Must meet the standards established in KZC 115.43 and 115.115.5 and no more than three (3) garage doors may be visible on any façade of the structure Surface parking limited to no more than three (3) stalls; areas with more	NA	Retain current guidelines

Topic	Existing	Initial Staff Option	Revised Staff Option
	than two (2) stalls must visually separate from the street, perimeter parking lines and common areas through site planning, landscaping or natural screening		

Miscellaneous MMH Proposed Amendments (Medium- and High-Density Residential Uses)

Regulations in several medium-density and high-density zones within the City of Kirkland, such as the RM 5.0, RM 3.6 and PLA 3B districts, establish density maximums for new development. Density is calculated by dividing the lot area by the minimum lot size required in the respective zone.

As the housing market has continued to favor larger detached single-family residences, properties located in medium- and high-density zones have often developed at a density less than the maximum allowed. As a result, areas which the City has previously determined can accommodate density and thereby contribute toward MMH stock, have been underutilized. The concepts presented in Table 5 would establish minimum densities in the City's medium- and high-density zoning districts, promoting the development of more compact housing in these areas.

Table 5: Density Requirements for Medium- and High-Density Development

Topic	Existing	Initial Staff Option	Bolder Option	Staff Notes
Minimum	Properties can be	New projects shall	New projects	Potential for
Density in	developed at any	develop at 80% of	shall develop at	increased
Medium- and	density proposed	the maximum	100% of the	density in areas
High-Density	by an applicant, as	density allowed in	maximum density	zoned for MMH
Residential	long as the	the underlying	allowed in the	type housing
Zones	maximum	<mark>zone</mark>	underlying zone	
	allowable density			
	isn't exceeded			

Summary

Staff would appreciate any further guidance from the Houghton Community Council on the proposed code concepts. Following the August 26, 2019 Houghton Community Council meeting, staff will refine the potential amendments as necessary, prepare for the future public hearing with the Planning Commission and formally notify the State as required.