### LEVY IMPROVES KIRKLAND'S NETWORK OF ROADS



A 2014 ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT ON THE STREET MAINTENANCE and PEDESTRIAN SAFETY LEVY PROGRAM

### **COMMON GOOD** Neighborhood Safety Program focuses on greatest benefit PG. 17

### SAFETY IMPROVES

for walking and bicycling PG. 10

# THE PURPOSE OF PROCESS

Residents ease the process by participating in focus groups

nside Peter Kirk Community Center's Sun Room, 17 residents took seats around a conference table, ready to answer a series of questions about an event they had all experienced more than a year earlier.

They had no external reason to come—no incentive to lure them or consequence to compel them through that November evening

drizzle. Theirs was a cause of civic altruism. By participating in the focus groups, these 17 strangers improved the way Kirkland's staff communicates with its residents about the process of maximizing their neighborhood roads' useful lives. The process to do that lasts just eight hours. But the burden on residents is direct. Residents can't drive, walk or allow water

Kirkland used levy funds in 2014 to extend by five to 10 years the lives of neighborhood roads in the Market, Norkirk, Bridle Trails and South Rose Hill neighborhoods.

to drain on the road once crews have spread slurry seal over it. If they need to drive their vehicles while the slurry seal is curing, they must park their vehicle somewhere else—sometimes blocks away. The inconvenience causes some to question its purpose.

That purpose is fundamental to the City's core obligations: to provide more durable and

less expensive roads. Slurry seal adds another five to 10 years of use to Kirkland's neighborhood roads—all for about \$1,600 a block. It prevents rain, sleet and snow from undermining the road's structure. The levy is helping Kirkland preserve more roads every year. And residents are helping each other understand the process.

**People with disabilities may request materials in alternate formats.** Kirkland's policy is to fully comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act by prohibiting discrimination against any person on the basis of race, color, national origin or sex in the provision of benefits and services resulting from its programs and activities. Any person who believes his/her Title VI protection has been violated, may file a complaint with the City. To request an alternate format, file a complaint or for questions about Kirkland's Title VI Program, contact the Title VI Coordinator at (425) 587-3831 (TTY Relay: 711) or *titlevicoordinator@kirklandwa.gov.* 

# ANOTHER 40 MILES

The levy enabled Kirkland in 2014 to overlay 11.6 lane-miles of arterials and slurry seal 30 lane-miles of neighborhood streets.

Finn Hill

Kirkland added five to eight years of life in 2014 to 30 lanemiles of neighborhood roads in four different neighborhoods, thanks largely to the levy. Bridle Trails, South Rose Hill, Norkirk and Market neighborhoods received slurry seal.

The levy also helped the City resurface 11.6 arterial lane-miles in 2014 *(indicated in black on this map)*.

The levy is helped Kirkland repave 10 arterial lane miles in 2015. These road sections are indicated below:

- NE 141st St. (Juanita Dr. to 84th Ave. NE)
- NE 144th/143rd St. (*124th Ave NE to city limits*)
- 132nd Ave. NE (*NE 113th St to NE 120th St.*)
- 124th Ave. NE (*NE 100th St to NE 108th Pl*)
- 116th Ave NE (*NE 87th St. to NE 95th St*)
- NE 60th St. (Ben Franklin Elem. to 132nd Ave NE)
- Seventh Ave. S. (State St. to 5th Pl. S)

In 2015, Kirkland preserved neighborhood roads in the North Juanita, Kingsgate and North Rose Hill neighborhoods.

LEGEND

Refer to legend on Page 5 for more details

Streets repaved with 2014 funds

Streets slurry sealed in 2014 Kingsgate

North Rose Hill

South Rose Hill

**Bridle Trails** 

North Juanita

South Juanita

Cross Kirkland Corridor

Everest

**Central Houghton** 

Norkirk

Moss Bay

Lakeview

Highlands

Toten

# PROGRESS CONTINUES

By 2033, the levy will have paid for the preservation of 240 lane-miles of neighborhood roads and repaved 90 lane-miles of arterials.

/ irkland's residents approved an ambitious goal when they passed the levy: Treat every eligible neighborhood road, repair potholes and reduce long-term maintenance costs for roads. This map tracks progress toward that goal.





Weathered: A few superficial cracks Treatment: Slurry seal Cost: \$1,600/City block

6

Minor: Linear cracks; alligator cracks; rutting Treatment: Resurface Cost: \$17,000/City block Serious: Extensive alligator cracks, potholes Treatment: Reconstruct Cost: \$65,000/City block

### **WE DON'T DO** WORST FIRST

Kirkland's strategy is to keep most roads in good condition, rather than a few in perfect condition.

The strategy focuses resources on most of Kirkland's neighborhood roads—those roads that are still in good condition, but nearing a monetary point of no return. The reason: For the costs of reconstructing a single City block, Kirkland can slurry seal 41 blocks. The result is a network of functioning streets that are relatively inexpensive to maintain. A "worst-first" strategy would result in the opposite: A few functioning streets and a backlog of failing roads that are too expensive to repair.

To squeeze more life out of Kirkland's failing roads, City crews patch potholes and alligator cracks. The exception in 2013 was 97th Avenue Northeast from Juanita Drive to 119th Way. Potholes and alligator cracks had destroyed 341 feet of that road beyond a street overlay's capacity to repair it. The section—less than a City block—required total reconstruction. The cost, more than \$65,000, illustrates why it was Kirkland's first curb-to-curb road reconstruction in nearly a decade. ◀



A toddler pushes his balance bike up Northeast 61st Street in the Bridle Trails neighborhood, shortly after the City of Kirkland treated it in 2012 with slurry seal. Residents of the neighborhood said in a pair of focus groups conducted November 2013 that they were pleased with their treated street surface, even though it initially had more friction.

# SPACE FOR PEOPLE

Repaving Lake Washington Boulevard presented the City of Kirkland in 2014 with an opportunity to enhance the arterial's ability to move people, not just cars. Transportation engineers preserved on-street parking and dedicated an extra foot of space to cycling by narrowing the automobile lanes to nine and-a-half feet. The result of this new configuration is roomier bike lanes, shorter pedestrian crossings and slower automobile speeds.



## SUGGEST-A-PROJECT

Residents suggested more than 60 percent of the projects in the proposed capital improvement program's list of funded transportation projects.

rirkland residents have suggested more than 500 ക്കി specific ways to improve their city since 2011, when **Kirkland** leaders unveiled an in-්රේ teractive map that invites the public to help shape the capital improvement program. City leaders are LEGEND incorporating more than \$ WALK 30 of those suggestions in the DRIVE proposed 2015-2020 Capital Improve-BIKE ment Program's funded list of 50 transpor-00 tation projects. That list includes the study of MAINTAIN Sixth Street South, the design of 100th Ave-TRANSIT nue Northeast and the construction of a pedes-PARKS trian bridge at 124 Street and 124th Avenue. It OTHER includes implementation of bicycle greenways and the Juanita Drive quick wins. To suggest a project, search "suggest a project" on kirklandwa.gov. 9% WHAT RESIDENTS MAINTAI UGGEST 55% WALK TRANSIT: <1% 25% DRIVE BIKE: 4% OTHER: 3%

PARKS: 3%



This rapid flashing beacon aided this student's Oct. 8, 2013 journey across Northeast 116th Street to Alexander Graham Bell Elementary School.

## GETTING SAFER

The Streets Levy leverages state and federal grants to complete school walk routes and to make the City safer for foot and bike travel.

Kirkland residents now have 34 rapid flashing beacons to illuminate them at crosswalks throughout the City. Kirkland used levy funds in the 13 months after the levy's passage to build nearly half of those. The City completed construction in January 2014 on all of the levy-funded pedestrian improvements planned through December 2014. The City also used the levy to leverage state and federal grants for safety features, such as sidewalks and flashing beacons. This includes an \$86,000 Transportation Improvement Board grant that helped pay for a sidewalk along 112th Avenue Northeast and a Washington Traffic Safety grant that paid for all but the in-house labor to install crosswalk lights on 84th Avenue Northeast, near Finn Hill Junior High, Carl Sandburg and Thoreau elementary schools.

## **FLASHING** BEACONS

The levy has paid for more than half of the rapid flashing beacons the City has installed at crosswalks throughout Kirkland.



# IN **19 YEARS** ...

Kirkland will have 50 levy-funded Rapid Flashing Beacons at crosswalks throughout the City. The locations of 18 of those are undetermined and, therefore not on this map.

ith its Complete Streets Ordinance, school walk routes and X crosswalk flag program, Kirkland has asserted X its identity as a walkable X Ż community. In the 2012 Kingsgate North Juanita **Einn Hill** election, voters enhanced that identity by improving safety at 50 crosswalks throughout Kirkland. This map **Totem Lake** shows Kirkland's existing rapid Ż flashing beacons, as well as the tentative locations of levy-funded South Juanita rapid flashing beacons. Not included X on this map are 18 rapid flashing beacons, whose locations have yet to be determined. North Rose Hill Marke 1 Highlands Norkirk X Refers to maps on pages 12 & 13 X Present & future Levy-funded Rapid Flashing Beacons X X Moss Bay South Rose Hill Levy-funded Rapid Flashing Beacons, completed in 2014 verest X X × Levy-funded Rapid Flashing Beacons, completed in 2013 X Rapid Flashing Beacons built in 2013/2014 with City of Kirkland Bridle Trails X  $\left( \mathbf{\hat{x}} \right)$ X Ŕ Rapid Flashing Beacons built before 2013 with Kirkland funds **Central Houghton** Ż Rapid Flashing Beacons to be built by Juanita Drive Quick Wins

Rapid Flashing Beacons built by Cross Kirkland Corridor

Rapid Flashing Beacons built by private organizations

akeview

# MORE IS NOW POSSIBLE

The levy allows Kirkland to complete pedestrian safety and street preservation projects that it would not otherwise be able to pursue. In 2014 alone, the levy empowered Kirkland to pave more than five lane miles of arterials, preserve 14.6 lane miles of neighborhood roads and protect nine crosswalks with rapid flashing beacons.

#### 2014 INVESTMENT

(Actual expenditures for street preservation)



STREET PRESERVATION	ANNUAL AVERAGE PRE-LEVY
Investment (in dollars)	\$1.75 million
Arterials (in lane miles)	6.2
Neighborhood/collector streets (in lane miles)	13.7
Arterial/collector score on the pavement condition index	57
Crosswalk striping (in crosswalks)	19.5
Wheelchair access (in curb ramps)	30

#### **PEDESTRIAN SAFETY** (2014)

Investment (in dollars)	No dedicated funding
Rapid Flashing Beacons	0 - 1

\*Based on 20-year projection of levy budget.

\*Includes pedestrian safety measures, other than Rapid Flashing Beacons.

#### **ARTERIAL PRESERVATION**

(Progress toward levy goal)

#### **NEIGHBORHOOD STREET PRESERVATION**

(Progress toward levy goal)



2014 INVESTMENT			LEVY PROGRESS		
LEVY	OTHER FUNDS	TOTAL	20-YEAR TARGET	PROGRESS TO DATE	
\$2.2 million	\$1.8 million	\$4 million	\$54 million*	\$3.94 million	
5.3	6.3	11.6	90	10.4	
14.6	12	26.6	240	25.6	
		62.3	70	62.3	
19	12	31	230	32	
23	32	55	500	52	
	-	-	-		
\$320,000	\$245,700	\$510,700	\$6 million*#	\$565,500	
9	9	18	50	15	

	2014 INVESTMENT			LEVY PROGRESS
SAFE ROUTES TO SCHOOL	LEVY	OTHER FUNDING	TOTAL	PROGRESS TO DATE
Investment	\$31,000	0	\$31,000	\$245,500
Rapid Flashing Beacons (systems)	1	0	1	5
Sidewalks (in linear feet)	0	0	0	0

## IMMEDIATE RESULTS

By January 2014, Kirkland installed Rapid Flashing Beacons at 19 crosswalks throughout the community. The levy funded 15 of those. These tables show Kirkland's 2013-2014 efforts to improve pedestrian safety.

### FUNDED BY THE LEVY

(Rapid Flashing Beacons)



Flashing Beacons funded from other funding sources.

NEIGHBORHOOD TRAFFIC &	2014 INVESTMENT			LEVY PROGRESS	
PEDESTRIAN SAFETY		OTHER FUNDING		PROGRESS TO DATE	
Investment	\$289,000	\$245,700	\$534,700	\$544,000	
Rapid Flashing Beacons (systems)	8	9	17	10	
Sidewalks (in linear feet)	0	0	0	0	

	TOTAL INVESTMENT TO DATE			
ALL CITY OF KIRKLAND PROGRAMS (since 2013)	LEVY	OTHER FUNDING	TOTAL	
Investment	\$789,500	\$2.1 M	\$2.9 M	
Rapid Flashing Beacons (in systems)	15	11	26	
Sidewalks (in linear feet)	0	3,466	3,466	

### COMMON GOOD

The levy is helping fund 14 projects that emerged from the Neighborhood Safety Program.

he most direct route from the Cross Kirkland Corridor to the Houghton shopping area is to slide down a 30-foot-long game trail and jump the remaining four feet to the sidewalk on Northeast 68th Street.

It's a connection that requires a lot of caution and



Descending from the Cross Kirkland Corridor to Northeast 68th Street requires caution.

traction. That will change later in 2015, however, when construction crews build a concrete staircase that will connect the Cross Kirkland Corridor to the shopping district and Lakeview Elementary School.

"We knew people were scrambling down that hillside," says Bea Nahon, the Moss Bay neighborhood's representative on the Kirkland Alliance of Neighborhoods. "We figured somebody's probably going to hurt themselves eventually."

The staircase is one of 14 Neighborhood Safety Program projects the Street Levy will help fund in 2015.

The process to choose those 14 projects began in De-

cember 2014, when the City of Kirkland asked each of Kirkland's 13 neighborhood associations to propose projects that would improve safety in their respective neighborhoods.

The most deserving proposals would earn a combined \$150,000 from the Street Levy and \$200,000 from the Walkable Kirkland Initiative. No individual project could earn more than \$50,000.

The question, of course, is which projects are the most deserving. To answer that question, two panels—one comprised of City staff; the other of City residents—created criteria favoring projects that benefit the entire city.

"Everybody is an advocate for their own neighborhood," Nahon said. "But when you hear about somebody else's project, and you realize it's better, you think: 'That project should get the funding.'"

This was the case with the stairs that will connect Lakeview Elementary and the Houghton shopping center to the Cross Kirkland Corridor. The site, of course, is in the Houghton neighborhood. But the project's sponsor is the Lakeview Neighborhood Association. And the idea for it originated in the Highlands neighborhood.

"There is a sense of community in the Kirkland Alliance of Neighborhoods, like we're all in this together," says Chuck Pilcher, co-chair of the Lakeview Neighborhood Association.



### THE PRICE OF KIRKLAND'S GOVERNMENT

irkland's total revenue as a percentage of personal income continues its steady decline. It is now well below four percent in the proposed budget.

The graph below illustrates Kirkland's Price of Government over the past six years and its projection for this two-year budget cycle. Some local governments use the Price of Government calculation to help define a range in which residents are willing to pay for government services.

Many jurisdictions aim for for a target of five to six percent. Kirkland's is well below that standard.

he Street levy accounts for less than 2 percent of Kirkland residents' property taxes. And yet it pays for more than half of the City's street preserva-





#### **KIRKLAND CITY COUNCIL**

(425) 587-3001



.....

**CITY MANAGER'S OFFICE** 

.....

#### **CITY STAFF**

87-3001 87-3008
87-3008
87-3101
87-3802
87-3031
87-3146
87-3403
87-3601
87-3212
87-3051
87-3301
87-3226